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Reporting Period

Well Known Seasoned Issuer?

Voluntary Filer?

Smaller Reporting Company?

True

Accelerated Filer Status Not Applicable

Shell Company? False

Notification Email Addresses file@rdgfilings.com

Documents

10-K brid20151030_10k.htm FORM 10-K EX-21.1 ex21-1.htm Exhibit 21.1 EX-31.1 ex31-1.htm Exhibit 31.1 EX-31.2 ex31-2.htm Exhibit 31.2 EX-32.1 ex32-1.htm Exhibit 32.1 EX-32.2 ex32-2.htm Exhibit 32.2 **EX-101.INS** brid-20151030.xml Exhibit 101.INS EX-101.SCH brid-20151030.xsd Exhibit 101.SCH EX-101.CAL brid-20151030_cal.xml Exhibit 101.CAL brid-20151030_def.xml EX-101.DEF Exhibit 101.DEF EX-101.LAB brid-20151030_lab.xml Exhibit 101.LAB brid-20151030_pre.xml **EX-101.PRE** Exhibit 101.PRE **GRAPHIC** brid20151030_10kimg001.gif

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended October 30, 2015

Commission file number: 0-2396



BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

California (State of incorporation)

95-1778176 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1308 North Patt Street Anaheim, California 92801

(Address of principal executive offices) (714) 526-5533 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC. Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗆 No 🗵 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes 🗆 No 🗵 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files. Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer □ Accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer \square (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒ The aggregate market value of voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant on April 17, 2015 was \$13,672,000. As of January 11, 2016, there were 9,079,019 shares of common stock outstanding.

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement for the registrant's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held March 9, 2016 are incorporated by reference into Part III, Items 10-14 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

INDEX TO FORM 10K

	Page
PARTI	3
Item 1. Business	3
Item 1A. Risk Factors	7
Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments	g
Item 2. Properties	g
Item 3. Legal Proceedings	g
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	ç
PART II	10
Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	10
Item 6. Selected Financial Data	11
Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12
Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	17
Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	17
Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	17
Item 9A. Controls and Procedures	18
Item 9B. Other Information	19
PART III	20
Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	20
Item 11. Executive Compensation	20
Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	20
Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	20
Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services	20
PARTIV	21
Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	21
SIGNATURES	22

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: 10-K

Form Type: 10-K

Description: FORM 10-K

Created By: RDG Filings

Project: brid20151030_10k

Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

PARTI

Item 1. Business

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Bridgford Foods Corporation intends that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors created thereby. Readers are cautioned that such statements, which may be identified by words including "anticipates," "believes," "intends," "estimates," "expects," and similar expressions, are only predictions or estimations and are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the following: general economic and business conditions; the impact of competitive product and pricing; success of operating initiatives; development and operating costs; advertising and promotional efforts; adverse publicity; acceptance of new product offerings; consumer trial and frequency; changes in business strategy or development plans; availability, terms and deployment of capital; availability of qualified personnel; commodity, labor, and employee benefit costs; changes in, or failure to comply with, government regulations; weather conditions; construction schedules; and other factors referenced in this Report.

The forward-looking statements included herein are based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions regarding our business, which involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic and competitive conditions, and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results may differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking information included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as representation by us or any other person that the objectives or plans of our company will be achieved. The forward-looking statements contained herein speak as of the date of this Report and we undertake no obligation to update such statements after the date hereof.

Background of Business

Bridgford Foods Corporation (collectively with its subsidiaries, "Bridgford", the "Company", "we", "our"), a California corporation, was organized in 1952. We originally began operations in 1932 as a retail meat market in San Diego, California and evolved into a meat wholesaler for hotels and restaurants, a distributor of frozen food products, a processor and packer of meat, and a manufacturer and distributor of frozen food products for sale on a retail and wholesale basis. For more than the past five years we and our subsidiaries have been primarily engaged in the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of an extensive line of frozen and snack food products throughout the United States. Bridgford Foods Corporation has not been involved in any bankruptcy, receivership, or similar proceedings since inception nor have we been party to any merger, acquisition, etc. or acquired or disposed of any material amounts of assets during the past five years. Substantially all of our assets have been acquired in the ordinary course of business.

Description of Business

Bridgford Foods Corporation currently operates in two business segments - the processing and distribution of frozen products and the processing and distribution of snack food products. For information regarding the separate financial performance of the business segments refer to Note 7 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The following table shows sales, as a percentage of consolidated sales, for each business segment during the last two fiscal years:

	2015	2014
Frozen Food Products	39%	38%
Snack Food Products	61%	57%
Refrigerated Food Products (Discontinued)	-%	5%
	100%	100%

We manufacture and distribute an extensive line of food products, including biscuits, bread dough items, roll dough items, dry sausage products and beef jerky. Through the end of fiscal 2014, our direct store delivery network consisted of two separate divisions, refrigerated and non-refrigerated snack food products. Refrigerated snack food products were distributed through eight different regions located in the southwest, primarily operating in California, Arizona and Nevada. By the end of fiscal 2014, we ceased refrigerated snack food product distribution because of continued net losses. Our frozen food products division serves both food service and retail customers. Approximately 160 unique frozen food products are sold through wholesalers, cooperatives, and distributors to approximately 21,000 retail outlets and 23,000 restaurants and institutions.

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation	Document Type: 10-K	Sequence: 4
Form Type: 10-K	Description: FORM 10-K	Created By: RDG Filings
Project: brid20151030 10k		Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

	2015	2014
Products manufactured, processed or packaged by Bridgford	100%	96%
Products manufactured or processed by third parties for distribution	-%	4%
	100%	100%

Although we have recently introduced several new products, most of these products have not contributed significantly to our revenue growth for the 2015 fiscal year. Our sales are not subject to material seasonal variations. Historically we have been able to respond quickly to the receipt of orders and, accordingly, do not maintain a significant sales backlog. Bridgford Foods Corporation and its industry generally have no unusual demands or restrictions on working capital items. During the last fiscal year we did not enter into any new markets or any significant contractual or other material relationships.

Availability of SEC Filings and Code of Conduct on Internet Website

We maintain an Internet website at http://www.bridgford.com. Available on this website, free of charge, are annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and reports filed under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our Code of Conduct is also available on the website.

Product Distribution Methods

Our products are delivered to customers using several distinct distribution channels. The distribution channel utilized is dependent upon the needs of our customers, the most efficient proximity to the delivery point, trade customs, operating segment as well as product type, life and stability. Among our customers are many of the country's largest broadline and specialty food service distributors. These and other large end purchasers occasionally go through extensive qualification procedures and our manufacturing capabilities are subjected to thorough review by the end purchasers prior to our approval as a vendor. Large end purchasers typically select suppliers that can consistently meet increased volume requirements on a national basis during peak promotional periods. We believe that our manufacturing flexibility, national presence, and long-standing customer relationships should allow us to compete effectively with other manufacturers seeking to provide similar products to our current large food service end purchasers, although no assurances can be given.

The factors that contribute to higher or lower margins generated from each method of distribution depend upon the accepted selling price, level of involvement by our employees in setting up and maintaining displays, distance traveled and fuel consumed by our company-owned fleet as well as freight and shipping costs depending on the distance the product travels to the delivery point. Management is continually evaluating the profitability of product delivery methods, analyzing alternate methods and weighing economic inputs to determine the most efficient and cost effective method of delivery to fulfill the needs of our customers.

Major Product Classes

Frozen Food Products

Our frozen food products division serves both food service and retail customers. Approximately 160 unique frozen food products are sold through wholesalers, cooperatives, and distributors to approximately 21,000 retail outlets and 23,000 restaurants and institutions.

Frozen Food Products - Food Service Customers

The food service industry is composed of establishments that serve food outside the home and includes restaurants, the food operations of health care providers, schools, hotels, resorts, corporations, and other traditional and non-traditional food service outlets. Growth in this industry has been driven by the increase in away-from-home meal preparation, which has accompanied the expanding number of both dual income and single-parent households. Another trend within the food service industry is the growth in the number of non-traditional food service outlets such as convenience stores, retail stores, and supermarkets. These non-traditional locations often lack extensive cooking, storage, or preparation facilities resulting in a need for pre-cooked and prepared foods similar to those we provide. The expansion in the food service industry has also been accompanied by the continued consolidation and growth of broadline and specialty food service distributors, many of which are long-standing customers.

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation Form Type: 10-K Project: brid20151030 10k Document Type: 10-K
Description: FORM 10-K

Sequence: 5
Created By: RDG Filings
Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

Frozen Food Products - Retail Customers

The majority of our existing and targeted retail customers are involved in the resale of branded and private label packaged foods. The same trends which have contributed to the increase in away-from-home meal preparation have also fueled the growth in easy to prepare, microwaveable frozen and refrigerated convenience foods. Among the fastest growing segments is the frozen and refrigerated hand-held foods market. This growth has been driven by improved product quality and variety and the increasing need for inexpensive and healthy food items that require minimal preparation. Despite rapid growth, many categories of frozen and refrigerated hand-held foods have achieved minimal household penetration. We believe we have been successful in establishing and maintaining supply relationships with certain selected leading retailers in this market.

Frozen Food Products - Sales and Marketing

Our frozen food business covers the United States. Products produced by the Frozen Food Products segment are generally supplied to food service and retail distributors who take title to the product upon shipment receipt through company leased long-haul vehicles. In addition to regional sales managers, we maintain a network of independent food service and retail brokers covering most of the United States. Brokers are compensated on a commission basis. We believe that our broker relationships, in close cooperation with our regional sales managers, are a valuable asset providing significant new product and customer opportunities. Regional sales managers perform several significant functions for us, including identifying and developing new business opportunities and providing customer service and support to our distributors and end purchasers through the effective use of our broker network.

Our annual advertising expenditures are directed towards retail and institutional customers. These customers participate in various special promotional and marketing programs and direct advertising allowances we sponsor. We also invest in general consumer advertising in various newspapers and periodicals including free standing inserts and coupons to advertise in major markets. We direct advertising toward food service customers with campaigns in major industry publications and through our participation in trade shows throughout the United States. Our advertising strategy includes our presence on social media and online distribution of promotional material.

Snack Food Products

During fiscal 2015, our snack food products division sold approximately 90 different items through customer owned distribution centers and a direct store delivery network serving approximately 15,000 supermarkets, mass merchandise and convenience retail stores located in 49 states. By the end of fiscal 2014, we ceased our route distribution operations in Canada as a cost cutting measure to concentrate on our core route business in the United States in addition to ceasing distribution of refrigerated deli food division because of continued losses.

Products produced or distributed by the Snack Food Products segment are supplied to customers through either direct delivery to customer warehouses or direct-store-delivery to retail locations. We utilize customer managed warehouse distribution centers to lower distribution cost. Product delivered to the customer's warehouse is then distributed to the store where it is resold to the end consumer. Our direct-store-delivery system focus emphasizes high quality service of our premium branded product to our customers. We also provide the service of setting up and maintaining the display and restocking our products.

Snack Food Products — Customers

Our customers are comprised of large retail chains and smaller "independent" operators. This part of our business is highly competitive. Proper placement of our product lines is critical to selling success since most items could be considered "impulse" items which are often consumed shortly after purchase. Our ability to sell successfully to this distribution channel depends on aggressive marketing and maintaining relationships with key buyers.

Snack Food Products — Sales and Marketing

Snack food products are distributed across the United States. Regional sales managers perform several significant functions including identifying and developing new business opportunities and providing customer service and support to our customers. We also utilize the services of brokers, where appropriate, to support efficient product distribution and customer satisfaction.

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation Form Type: 10-K Project: brid20151030 10k Document Type: 10-K Description: FORM 10-K Sequence: 6
Created By: RDG Filings
Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

Product Planning and Research and Development

We continually monitor the consumer acceptance of each product within our extensive product line. Individual products are regularly added to and deleted from our product line. Historically, the addition or deletion of any individual product has not had a material effect on our operations in the current fiscal year. We believe that a key factor in the success of our products is our system of carefully targeted research and testing of our products to ensure high quality and that each product matches an identified market opportunity. The emphasis in new product introductions in the past several years has been in single service items. We are constantly searching to develop new products to complement our existing product lines and improve processing techniques and formulas. We utilize an in-house test kitchen and consultants to research and experiment with unique food preparation methods, improve quality control and analyze new ingredient mixtures.

Competition

Our products are sold under highly competitive conditions. All food products can be considered competitive with other food products, but we consider our principal competitors to include national, regional and local producers and distributors of refrigerated, frozen and non-refrigerated snack food products. Several of our competitors include large companies with substantially greater financial and marketing resources than ours. Existing competitors may broaden their product lines and potential competitors may enter or increase their focus on our market, resulting in greater competition for us. We believe that our products compete favorably with those of our competitors. Such competitors' products compete against ours for retail shelf space, institutional distribution and customer preference.

Effect of Government Regulations

Our operations are subject to extensive inspection and regulation by the United States Department of Agriculture (the "USDA"), the Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA"), and by other federal, state, and local authorities regarding the processing, packaging, storage, transportation, distribution, and labeling of products that we manufacture, produce and process. Our processing facilities and products are subject to continuous inspection by the USDA and/or other federal, state, and local authorities. The USDA has issued strict regulations concerning the control of listeria monocytogenes in ready-to-eat meat and poultry products and contamination by food borne pathogens such as E. coli and salmonella, and implemented a system of regulation known as the Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points ("HACCP") program. The HACCP program requires all meat and poultry processing plants to develop and implement sanitary operating procedures and other program requirements. We believe that we are currently in compliance with governmental laws and regulations and that we maintain the necessary permits and licenses relating to our meat operations.

The U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA") oversees safety compliance and establishes certain employer responsibilities to help "assure safe and healthful working conditions" and keep the workplace free of recognized hazards or practices likely to cause death or serious injury. Failure to comply with regulations of OSHA could adversely affect our results of operations.

To date, federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations, including those relating to the discharge of materials into the environment, have not had a material effect on our business.

Importance of Key Customers

Sales to Wal-Mart® comprised 31.4% of revenues in fiscal 2015 and 42.6% of total accounts receivable was due from Wal-Mart® at October 30, 2015. Sales to Wal-Mart® comprised 28.8% of revenues in fiscal 2014 and 31.8% of total accounts receivable was due from Wal-Mart® at October 31, 2014.

Sources and Availability of Raw Materials

We purchase large quantities of pork, beef, and flour. These ingredients are generally available from a number of different suppliers although the availability of these ingredients is subject to seasonal variation. We build ingredient inventories to take advantage of downward trends in seasonal prices or anticipated supply limitations.

Most flour purchases are made at market price without contracts. We also purchases bulk flour under short-term fixed price contracts at current market prices. The contracts are usually effective for a month or less and are not material to our operations. These contracts are settled within a month's time and no significant contracts remain open at the close of the reporting period. We monitor and manage our ingredient costs to help negate volatile daily swings in market prices when possible. We do not participate in the commodity futures market or hedging to limit commodity exposure.

Form Type: 10-K Created By: RDG Filings
Project: brid20151030_10k Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

7

Employees

We had 507 employees at October 30, 2015, approximately 38% of whose employment relationship is governed by collective bargaining agreements. These agreements currently expire between February 2016 and March 2017. We believe that our relationship with all of our employees is favorable and contracts will be settled favorably. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, we closed the refrigerated snack food products division and withdrew from the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Plan, terminating approximately 44 employees.

Executive Officers of the Registrant

The names, ages, and positions of all our executive officers as of January 15, 2016 are listed below. Messrs. Hugh Wm. Bridgford and Allan L. Bridgford are brothers. William L. Bridgford is the son of Hugh Wm. Bridgford and the nephew of Allan L. Bridgford. Officers are normally appointed annually by the board of directors at their meeting immediately following the annual meeting of shareholders. Three executive officers are full-time employees of our company, Allan L. Bridgford and Hugh Wm Bridgford worked 60% of full time and Allan L. Bridgford worked 50% of full time during fiscal 2015.

Name	Age	Position(s) with our company
Allan L. Bridgford	80	Vice President and member of the Executive Committee
Hugh Wm. Bridgford	84	Vice President and Chairman of the Executive Committee
William L. Bridgford	61	Chairman and member of the Executive Committee
John V. Simmons	60	President and member of the Executive Committee
Raymond F. Lancy	62	Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and member of the Executive Committee

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other matters set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the continuing operations and the price of our common stock are subject to the following risks, each of which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. The risks described below are only the risks that we currently believe are material to our business. However, additional risks not presently known, or risks that are currently believed to be immaterial, may also impair our business operations.

We are subject to general risks in the food industry, including, among other things, risk relating to changes in consumer preferences and product contamination as well as general economic conditions, any of which risks, if realized, could negatively impact our operating results and financial position.

The food industry, and the markets within the food industry in which we compete, are subject to various risks, including the following: evolving consumer preferences, nutritional and health-related concerns, federal, state and local food inspection and processing controls, consumer product liability claims, risks of product tampering, and the availability and expense of liability insurance. The meat and poultry industries are subject to scrutiny due to the association of meat and poultry products with recent outbreaks of illness, and on rare occasions even death, caused by food borne pathogens. Product recalls are sometimes required in the food industry to withdraw contaminated or mislabeled products from the market. Additionally, the failure to identify and react appropriately to changes in consumer trends, demands and preferences could lead to, among other things, reduced demand and price reduction for our products. Further, we may be adversely affected by changes in domestic or foreign economic conditions, including inflation or deflation, interest rates, availability of capital markets, consumer spending rates, and energy availability and costs (including fuel surcharges). These and other general risks related to the food industry, if realized by us, could have a significant adverse effect on demand for our products, as well as the costs and availability of raw materials, ingredients and packaging materials, thereby negatively affecting our operating results and financial position.

Fluctuations in the prices that we pay for raw materials could negatively impact our financial results.

We purchase large quantities of commodity pork, beef, and flour. Historically, market prices for products we process have fluctuated in response to a number of factors, including changes in the United States government farm support programs, changes in international agricultural and trading policies, weather, and other conditions during the growing and harvesting seasons. Our operating results are heavily dependent upon the prices paid for raw materials. The marketing of our value-added products does not lend itself to instantaneous changes in selling prices. Changes in selling prices are relatively infrequent and do not compare with the volatility of commodity markets. While fluctuations in significant cost structure components, such as ingredient commodities and fuel prices, have had a significant impact on profitability over the last three years, the impact of general price inflation on our financial position and results of operations has not been significant. Future volatility of general price inflation or deflation and raw material cost and availability could adversely affect our financial results.

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: 10-K

Form Type: 10-K

Description: FORM 10-K

Created By: RDG Filings

Project: brid20151030_10k

Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

We are subject to extensive government regulations and a failure to comply with such regulations could negatively impact our financial results.

Our operations are subject to extensive inspection and regulation by the United States Department of Agriculture (the "USDA"), the Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA"), and by other federal, state, and local authorities regarding the processing, packaging, storage, transportation, distribution, and labeling of products that are manufactured, produced and processed by us. Our processing facilities and products are subject to continuous inspection by the USDA and/or other federal, state, and local authorities. The USDA has issued strict policies concerning the control of listeria monocytogenes in ready-to-eat meat and poultry products and contamination by food borne pathogens such as E. coli and salmonella, and established a system of regulation known as the Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points ("HACCP") program. The HACCP program requires all meat and poultry processing plants to develop and implement sanitary operating procedures and other program requirements. We believe that we are currently in compliance with governmental laws and regulations and that we maintain necessary permits and licenses relating to our meat operations.

A failure to obtain or a loss of necessary permits and licenses could delay or prevent us from meeting current product demand and could adversely affect our operating performance. Furthermore, we are routinely subject to new or modified laws, regulations and accounting standards. If found to be out of compliance with applicable laws and regulations in these or other areas, we could be subject to civil remedies, including fines, injunctions, recalls, or asset seizures, as well as potential criminal sanctions, any of which could have a significant adverse effect on our financial results.

We depend on our key management, the loss of which could negatively impact our operations.

Our executive officers and certain other key employees have been primarily responsible for the development and expansion of our business, and the loss of the services of one or more of these individuals could adversely affect us. Our success will be dependent in part upon our continued ability to recruit, motivate, and retain qualified personnel. We cannot assure that we will be successful in this regard. We have no employment or non-competition agreements with key personnel.

We depend on our major customers and any loss of such customers could have a negative impact on our profitability.

We could suffer significant reductions in revenues and operating incomes if we lost one or more of our largest customers, including Wal-Mart®, which accounted for 31.4% of sales in fiscal year 2015. Many of our customers, such as supermarkets, warehouse clubs, and food distributors have consolidated in recent years. Such consolidation has produced large, sophisticated customers with increased buying power who are more capable of operating with reduced inventories while demanding lower pricing and increased promotional programs. These customers also may use their shelf space for their own private label products. Failure to respond to these trends could reduce our volume and cause us to lower prices or increase promotional spending for our product lines which could adversely affect our profitability.

With more than 80% concentration of beneficial ownership of our stock held by the Bridgford family, there are risks that they can exert significant influence or control over our corporate matters.

Members of the Bridgford family beneficially own, in the aggregate, more than 80% of our outstanding stock. In addition, three members of the Bridgford family currently serve on the Board of Directors. As a result, members of the Bridgford family have the ability to exert substantial influence or actual control over our management and affairs and over substantially all matters requiring action by our shareholders, including amendments to by-laws, election and removal of directors, any proposed merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets and other corporate transactions. This concentration of ownership may also delay or prevent a change in control otherwise favored by our other shareholders and could depress our stock price. Additionally, as a result of the Bridgford family's significant ownership of the outstanding voting stock, we have relied on the "controlled company" exemption from certain corporate governance requirements of the NASDAQ stock market. Therefore, among other things, we have elected not to implement the rule that provides for a nominating committee to identify and recommend nominees to the Board of Directors and have instead elected to have the full Board of Directors perform such function. Additionally, pursuant to this exemption, our compensation committee, which is made up of independent directors, does not have sole authority to determine the compensation of our executive officers, including our Chairman of the Board.

We participate in Multiemployer Pension Plans which could negatively impact our operations and profitability.

We participate in "multiemployer" pension plans administered by labor unions on behalf of their employees. We pay union dues monthly, a portion of which is used to fund pension benefit obligations to plan participants. The contribution amount may change depending upon the ability of participating companies to fund these pension liabilities as well as the actual and expected returns on pension plan assets. Should we withdraw from the union and cease participation in a union plan, federal law could impose a penalty for additional contributions to the plan. The penalty would be recorded as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. The ultimate amount of the withdrawal liability is dependent upon several factors including the funded status of the plan and contributions made by other participating companies. During fiscal 2014, we withdraw from the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Plan and recorded an estimated pension expense and a corresponding non-current liability of \$798,000 related to this plan. The amount recorded was paid in October 2015. We continue to participate in other multiemployer union plans. In the event of a full or partial withdrawal from these plans, the impact to our financial statements could be material.

Eminent domain and land risk regulations could negatively impact our financial results and financial position.

We own real property on which we operate our processing and/or our distribution operations. As is the case with any owner of real property, we may be subject to eminent domain proceedings that can impact the value of investments we have made in real property as well as potentially disrupt our business operations. If subject to eminent domain proceedings or other government takings we may not be adequately compensated.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

Not applicable.

Item 2. Properties

We own the following properties:

	Building Square	
Property Location	Footage	Acreage
Anaheim, California *	100,000	5.0
Dallas, Texas *	94,000	4.0
Dallas, Texas *	30,000	2.0
Dallas, Texas *	16,000	1.0
Dallas, Texas *	3,200	1.5
Statesville, North Carolina *	42,000	8.0
Chicago, Illinois **	156,000	1.5

^{* -} property used by Frozen Food Products Segment

We utilize the foregoing properties for processing, warehousing, distributing and administrative purposes. We also lease warehouse and/or office facilities throughout the United States and Canada through month-to-month rental agreements. We believe that our properties are generally adequate to satisfy our foreseeable needs. Additional properties may be acquired and/or plants expanded if favorable opportunities and conditions arise.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

No material legal proceedings were pending against us at October 30, 2015 or as of the date of filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We are likely to be subject to claims arising from time to time in the ordinary course of our business. In certain of such actions, plaintiffs may request punitive or other damages that may not be covered by insurance and, accordingly, no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such possible future claims or litigation or their effect on us. Any adverse litigation trends and outcomes could significantly and negatively affect our financial results.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

^{** -} property used by Snack Products Food Segment

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PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Common Stock and Dividend Data

Our common stock is traded in the national over-the-counter market and is authorized for quotation on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol "BRID". The following table reflects the high and low closing sale prices reported by Nasdaq as well as cash dividends paid for each of the last eight fiscal quarters.

					Cash	
					Dividends	
Fiscal Year 2015	High		Low		Paid	
First Quarter	\$	8.35	\$	7.01	\$	0.00
Second Quarter	\$	8.65	\$	7.50	\$	0.00
Third Quarter	\$	10.81	\$	7.38	\$	0.00
Fourth Quarter	\$	10.95	\$	8.06	\$	0.00
					Cash	
					Dividends	
Fiscal Year 2014	High		Low		Paid	
First Quarter	\$	10.16	\$	9.36	\$	0.00
Second Quarter	\$	10.20	\$	9.55	\$	0.00
Third Quarter	\$	10.00	\$	7.79	\$	0.00

\$

8.58

0.00

On January 11, 2016, the closing sale price for our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market was \$9.57 per share. As of January 11, 2016, there were 774 shareholders of record in our common stock.

The payment of any future dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon future earnings, financial requirements, and other factors.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

Fourth Quarter

During the period covered by this Report we did not sell or issue any equity securities that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Repurchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

During fiscal year 2015, we repurchased an aggregate of 33,132 shares of our common stock for \$282,540 pursuant to our repurchase plan previously authorized by the Board of Directors. The following table provides information regarding our repurchases of common stock in each of the four periods comprising the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2015.

		Total Number of	Maximum
		Shares	Number of
		Purchased	Shares that May
		As Part of	Yet
		Publicly	Be Purchased
Total Number of		Announced	Under the Plans
Shares	Average Price	Plans or	or
Purchased	Paid Per Share	Programs (2)	Programs (2)
699	\$ 9.43	699	132,267
1,890	8.67	1,890	130,377
3,186	9.30	3,186	127,191
2,623	9.25	2,623	124,568
8,398	\$ 9.16	8,398	
	Shares Purchased 699 1,890 3,186 2,623	Shares Average Price Purchased Paid Per Share 699 \$ 9.43 1,890 8.67 3,186 9.30 2,623 9.25	Total Number of SharesAverage Price PurchasedShares PurchasedPurchasedAverage Price Paid Per SharePlans or Programs (2)699\$ 9.436991,8908.671,8903,1869.303,1862,6239.252,623

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(1) The periods shown are our fiscal periods during the sixteen-week quarter ended October 30, 2015.

All repurchases reflected in the foregoing table were made on the open market. Our stock repurchase program was approved by the Board of Directors in November 1999 (1,500,000 shares authorized, disclosed in a Form 10-K filed on January 26, 2000) and was expanded in June 2005 (500,000 additional shares authorized, disclosed in a press release and Form 8-K filed on June 17, 2005). Under the stock repurchase program, we are authorized, at the discretion of management and the Board of Directors, to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,000,000 shares of our common stock on the open market. Our Stock Purchase Plan ("Purchase Plan") is administered by Citigroup Global Markets Inc. ("CGM") for purchase of shares of common stock ("Stock") issued by us in compliance with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"). Commencing on October 15, 2015 and continuing through and including October 14, 2016, CGM shall act as our exclusive agent to purchase Stock under the Purchase Plan. This Purchase Plan supplements any purchases of stock by us "outside" of the Purchase Plan, which may occur from time to time, in open market transactions pursuant to Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act. The daily purchase quantity is defined as a number of shares up to, but not to exceed, each day's applicable Rule 10b-18 maximum volume limit (i.e. 25% of the prior four calendar weeks' average daily trading volume); however, once per week a block of stock may be purchased that exceeds the Rule 10b-18 average daily trading volume condition, provided that no other Purchase Plan purchases are made on any day on which such a block is purchased. As of October 30, 2015, the total maximum number of shares that may be purchased under the Purchase Plan is 124,568 at a purchase price not to exceed \$10.00 per share for a total maximum aggregate price (exclusive of commission) of \$1,245,680.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Not applicable to smaller reporting company.

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Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

For a complete understanding, this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this Report.

Certain statements under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and elsewhere in this Report constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Bridgford Foods Corporation to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following: general economic and business conditions; the impact of competitive products and pricing; success of operating initiatives; development and operating costs; advertising and promotional efforts; adverse publicity; acceptance of new product offerings; consumer trial and frequency; changes in business strategy or development plans; availability, terms and deployment of capital; availability of qualified personnel; commodity, labor, and employee benefit costs; changes in, or failure to comply with, government regulations; weather conditions; construction schedules; and other factors referenced in this Report.

Results of Operations (in thousands except percentages)

Fiscal Year Ended October 30, 2015 (52 weeks) Compared to Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2014 (52 weeks)

Net Sales-Consolidated

Net sales in fiscal 2015 decreased \$2,953 (2.2%) when compared to the prior year. The changes in net sales were comprised as follows:

Impact on Net Sales-Consolidated	%	\$
Selling price per pound	8.8	12,440
Unit sales volume in pounds	-7.9	(11,189)
Returns activity	1.3	1,834
Promotional activity	1.5	2,215
Increase in net sales – Continuing operations	3.7	5,300
Discontinued Refrigerated Deli Products Division	-5.9	(8,253)
Decrease in net sales	-2.2	(2,953)

Net Sales-Frozen Food Products Segment

Net sales in the Frozen Food Products segment in fiscal 2015 decreased \$191 (0.4%) compared to the prior year. The changes in net sales were comprised as follows:

Impact on Net Sales-Frozen Food Products	%	\$
Selling price per pound	-0.9	(528)
Unit sales volume in pounds	-2.2	(1,269)
Returns activity	-0.1	(60)
Promotional activity	2.8	1,666
Decrease in net sales	-0.4	(191)

The decrease in net sales in fiscal 2015 was attributable to lower sales volumes. Selling prices per pound remained essentially unchanged from the prior year. The majority of the volume decrease took place in the biscuit category while rolls, sheet dough, monkey bread and shelf-stable categories increased slightly. Returns activity also increased slightly. Lower promotional activity due to recent favorable spending trends compared to fiscal year 2014 helped mitigate the decline in net sales.

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Net Sales-Snack Food Products Segment

Net sales, excluding intersegment sales, in the Snack Food Products segment in fiscal 2015 decreased \$2,762 (3.3%) compared to the prior year. The changes in net sales were comprised as follows:

Impact on Net Sales-Snack Food Products	%	\$
Selling price per pound	15.4	12,968
Unit sales volume in pounds	-11.8	(9,920)
Returns activity	2.2	1,894
Promotional activity	0.5	549
Continuing operations - Increase in net sales	6.3	5,491
Discontinued Refrigerated Deli Products Division	-9.6	(8,253)
Total - Decrease in net sales	-3.3	(2,762)

As noted above, net sales, excluding intersegment sales and discontinued operations, in the Snack Food Products segment in fiscal 2015 increased \$5,491 (6.3%) compared to the prior year. The increase in net sales from continuing operations in fiscal 2015 was attributable to higher selling prices per pound partially offset by lower unit sales volume. The increase in selling prices per pound was mainly due to price increases instituted during the year and a sales mix trend favoring higher value beef products. Total beef based product sales volume was essentially flat during the year while sales of pork based products comprised the majority of the volume decrease. The volume decrease related to a significant promotion in FY 2014 that was not repeated in FY 2015 and the de-emphasis of lower margin items. Returns and promotional activity were lower than the prior year period due to the program mentioned above. At the end of fiscal 2014, we discontinued operation of our Refrigerated Deli Products Division and ceased refrigerated snack food product distribution because of continued net losses. The reduction in sales from the discontinued operation offset the increase in sales from continuing operations.

Cost of Products Sold and Gross Margin-Consolidated

Cost of products sold from continuing operations decreased by \$6,907 (7.3%) compared to the prior year. Overhead spending decreased due to a significant reduction in workers' compensation, facility repairs and utility costs. The Company's workers' compensation benefits cost decreased due to favorable trends in claims experience in the current fiscal year. In addition, workers' compensation benefits cost decreased by an additional \$554 due to a change in accounting method to estimate future liabilities. Increases in meat commodity costs year to date partially offset the decrease in cost of products sold as described in the segment analysis below. The gross margin increased from 29.0% to 35.9%.

			Commodity \$
			(Decrease)
Change in Cost of Products Sold by Segment	\$	%	Increase
Frozen Food Products Segment	(1,418)	-1.5	(511)
Snack Food Products Segment	(5,489)	-5.8	1,039
Continuing operations	(6,907)	-7.3	528
Discontinued Refrigerated Deli Products Division	(4,258)	-4.5	-
Total	(11,165)	-11.8	528

Cost of Products Sold and Gross Margin-Frozen Food Products Segment

Cost of products sold in the Frozen Food Products segment decreased by \$1,418 (4.5%) to \$30,372 in the 2015 fiscal year compared to the prior year. Lower unit volume and to a lesser extent lower flour commodity costs of approximately \$511 were the primary contributing factors to this decrease. The gross margin percentage increased from 37.3% to 39.9% during fiscal year 2015 compared to the prior fiscal year.

Cost of Products Sold and Gross Margin-Snack Food Products Segment

Cost of products sold in the Snack Food Products segment decreased by \$5,489 (5.8%) compared to the prior year. Cost of products sold was significantly reduced due to lower pounds sold, lower workers' compensation costs and lower utility costs. The cost of significant meat commodities increased approximately \$1,039 during fiscal 2015 compared to the prior year. The gross margin earned in this segment increased from 23.8% to 33.4% in during fiscal year 2015 primarily as a result of price increases and a favorable change in product mix.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses-Consolidated

Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") in fiscal 2015 decreased \$4,338 (10.1%) when compared to the prior year. The decrease in this category did not directly correspond to the change in sales.

The table below summarizes the primary expense variances in this category:

	52 weeks ended				
		October 30, 2015		October 31, 2014	Expense Increase (Decrease)
Wages and bonus	\$	15,835	\$	13,684	\$ 2,151
Product advertising		3,064		4,008	(944)
Workers' compensation		(167)		585	(752)
Fuel		1,485		2,146	(661)
Cash surrender value		(6)		(514)	508
Outside consultants		1,163		1,516	(354)
Vehicle repairs		525		751	(225)
Healthcare		2,271		2,048	223
Insurance		997		797	200
Other SG&A		13,584		13,067	517
Continuing operations - SG&A		38,751		38,088	663
Discontinued Refrigerated Deli Products Division		_		5,001	 (5,001)
Total	\$	38,751	\$	43,089	\$ (4,338)

Higher profits and profit sharing accruals resulted in increased wages and bonus in the fiscal 2015 fiscal year compared to the prior year. Costs for product advertising decreased during fiscal 2015 mainly as a result of lower sales and spending trends in the Frozen Food Products segment. Our workers' compensation benefits cost decreased due to a one-time gain of \$125 on closing out older policy years. In addition, workers' compensation benefits cost decreased by an additional \$508 due to a change in accounting estimate to value future liabilities. The decrease in fuel expense was driven by per gallon fuel price decreases compared to the prior year as a result of lower cost trends in petroleum markets. The cash surrender value on life insurance policies decreased due to a decline in the value of underlying equities that support the policies compared to the prior year. Outside consulting costs decreased due to lower custom programming and human resource software processing costs. Vehicle repairs decreased due to the replacement of older fleet vehicles. Healthcare costs have increased due to recent unfavorable claim activity. Insurance expense increased due to unfavorable market conditions, higher coverage levels and unfavorable claims experience. The major components comprising the increase of "Other SG&A" expenses were increases in telephone expense, computer maintenance and outside storage.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses-Frozen Food Products Segment

SG&A expenses in the Frozen Food Products segment decreased by \$1,090 (6.9%) to \$14,625 during fiscal year 2015 compared to the prior fiscal year. The overall decrease in SG&A expenses was mainly due to lower product advertising and lower workers' compensation costs as described above.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses-Refrigerated and Snack Food Products Segment

	52 weeks ended				
		October 30, 2015		October 31, 2014	Expense Increase (Decrease)
Snack Food Products Segment	\$	24,126	\$	22,373	\$ 1,753
Discontinued Refrigerated Deli Products Division		-		5,001	(5,001)
Total	\$	24,126	\$	27,374	\$ (3,248)

SG&A expenses in the Snack Food Products segment decreased by \$3,248 (11.9%) to \$24,126 during fiscal year 2015 compared to the prior fiscal year. Most of the decrease was due to the closure of the Refrigerated Deli Products Division at the end of fiscal 2014.

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate was -89.8% and 2.0% in fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively. The 2015 tax benefit of \$7,323 related primarily to reversal of the valuation allowance offset partially by income tax expense on book income. In fiscal year 2015, the effective income tax rate differed from the applicable mixed statutory rate of approximately 37.7% primarily due to the reversal of the entire valuation allowance of \$10,848 (refer to Note 4 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements) on our deferred tax assets. The 2014 tax benefit of \$88 related to the reduction in liability on unrecognized benefits related to research and development tax credits being carried forward due to utilization of a net operating loss.

ASC 740 requires that an entity's deferred tax assets be reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent its management determines that it is more likely than not that such deferred tax asset, or portion thereof, will not be realized. Management evaluated the realizability of its deferred tax assets to determine the need and appropriateness of a valuation allowance. In its determinations, Management considers items of evidence, both positive and negative, including those items outlined in ASC 740. The Company policy outlines measurable objective criteria that must be met before a release of the valuation allowance will occur. The three criteria set forth in the policy must all be satisfied before the valuation allowance can be reversed. The criteria are as follows: first, the Company's available federal tax net operating loss ("NOL") must be zero; second, the prior thirty-six month cumulative book basis pre-tax income (loss), after considering "one-time" events, is positive; third, the Company considers its outlook of near term continued profitable operations and assesses any material negative and positive trends or events on the immediate horizon. As of October 30, 2015, the Company (1) has utilized its entire federal net operating loss, (2) has positive thirty-six month cumulative book income and (3) meat commodity costs have lowered and stabilized and we have reduced the level of significant non-performing divisions (closure of the refrigerated deli food division during the prior fiscal year). As of October 30, 2015 all three criteria for valuation allowance reversal set forth in the Company policy have been satisfied and the Company has reversed the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources (in thousands except share amounts)

The principal source of our operating cash flow is cash receipts from the sale of our products, net of costs to manufacture, store, market and deliver to customers. The Company did not borrow on the line of credit during the fiscal 2015. There were no borrowings outstanding under this line of credit as of October 30, 2015. The Company is currently in compliance with all provisions of the line of credit agreement. We typically fund our operations from cash balances and cash flow generated from operations. We normally expect positive operating cash flows in the first quarter of our fiscal year from the liquidation of inventory and accounts receivable balances related to holiday season sales. We typically build inventories in the third quarter for anticipated holiday season sales that occur in the fourth and first quarters. Anticipated commodity price trends may also affect cash balances. Certain commodities may be purchased in advance of our immediate needs to lower the ultimate cost of processing or to meet customer demand.

Cash flows from operating activities:

	52 Weeks				
	2015		20	114	
Net income (loss)	\$	15,442	\$	(4,344)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		3,050		2,827	
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		24		28	
Reduction of (provision for) promotional allowances		2,749		(2,654)	
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(127)		(152)	
Deferred income taxes, net		3,170		1,598	
Tax valuation allowance		(10,848)		(1,598)	
Changes in operating working capital		(6,000)		274	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	7,460	\$	(4,021)	

For the fifty-two weeks ended October 30, 2015, net cash provided by operating activities was \$7,460, an increase of \$11,481 compared to the fifty-two weeks ended October 31, 2014. The increase is primarily related to income from operations of \$15,442. During fiscal year 2015 we funded \$1,157 towards our defined benefit pension plan. The Company also paid the Teamster pension withdrawal liability in full in the amount of \$798. Plan funding strategies may be adjusted depending upon economic conditions, investment options, tax deductibility, or recent legislative changes in funding requirements.

Our cash conversion cycle (defined as days of inventory and trade receivables less days of trade payables outstanding) was equal to 79 days for the fifty-two weeks ended October 30, 2015 and 57 days for the fifty-two weeks ended October 31, 2014. The Company had a large promotional program in the Snack Food Products segment ship out just prior to year end contributing to the increase in accounts receivable at the end of fiscal 2015.

For the fifty-two weeks ended October 31, 2014, net cash used by operating activities was \$4,021. This result was primarily related to a net loss and an increase in inventory in the Snack Food Products segment. During fiscal year 2014, we funded \$1,587 towards our defined benefit pension plan.

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Cash used in investing activities:

	52 Weeks		
	 2015		2014
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	\$ 52	\$	163
Additions to property, plant and equipment	 (1,404)		(3,877)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (1,352)	\$	(3,714)

Expenditures for property, plant and equipment include the acquisition of new equipment, upgrading of facilities to maintain operating efficiency and investments in cost effective technologies to lower costs. In general, we capitalize the cost of additions and improvements and expense the cost for repairs and maintenance. We may also capitalize costs related to improvements that extend the life, increase the capacity, or improve the efficiency of existing machinery and equipment. Specifically, capitalization of upgrades of facilities to maintain operating efficiency include acquisitions of machinery and equipment used on packaging lines and refrigeration equipment used to process food products.

The table below highlights the additions to property, plant and equipment for the fifty-two weeks ended:

		52 Weeks		
		ber 30,	October 31,	
	2	015	2014	
Temperature control	\$	6 \$	10	
Processing equipment		200	2,228	
Packaging lines		72	250	
Office and building improvements		18	438	
Vehicles for sales and/or delivery		664	963	
Quality control and communication systems		49	-	
Computer software and hardware		-	6	
Forklifts		-	51	
Increase (decrease) in projects in process		395	(69)	
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$	1,404	3,877	

Cash used in financing activities:

	52 Weeks		
	2015	2014	
Shares repurchased	\$ (283)	\$ (184)	
Payments of capital lease obligations	(175)	(214)	
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (458)	\$ (398)	

Our stock repurchase program was approved by the Board of Directors in November 1999 and was expanded in June 2005. Under the stock repurchase program, we are authorized, at the discretion of management and the Board of Directors, to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,000,000 shares of our common stock on the open market. As of the end of fiscal year 2015, 124,568 shares were still authorized for repurchase under the program.

We invested in OTR (over-the-road) tractors during fiscal 2012 financed by a capital lease obligation in the amount of \$1,848. After reevaluating our fleet delivery needs, we returned five OTR tractors financed by the capital lease arrangement with a remaining liability of \$656 during the second quarter of fiscal 2015 that resulted in a gain of \$75. The total capital lease obligation remaining as of October 30, 2015 is \$725. The capital lease arrangement replaced the long-standing month-to-month leases of transportation equipment.

We maintain a line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. that expires on March 1, 2016. During the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we converted our line of credit to a revolving line of credit. Under the terms of this line of credit, we may borrow up to \$4,000 at an interest rate equal to the bank's prime rate or Libor plus 1.5%. The borrowing agreement contains various covenants, the more significant of which require us to maintain a minimum tangible net worth, minimum net income after tax and total capital expenditures of less than \$3,000. We were in compliance with all covenants as of October 30, 2015. There have been no borrowings under this line of credit during fiscal 2015.

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Impact of Inflation

Our operating results are heavily dependent upon the prices paid for raw materials. The marketing of our value-added products does not lend itself to instantaneous changes in selling prices. Changes in selling prices are relatively infrequent and do not compare with the volatility of commodity markets. While fluctuations in significant cost structure components, such as ingredient commodities and fuel prices, have had a significant impact on profitability over the last two fiscal years, the impact of general price inflation on our financial position and results of operations has not been significant. However, future volatility of general price inflation or deflation and raw material cost and availability could adversely affect our financial results.

The impact of inflation on the Company's financial position and results of operations has not been significant. Management is of the opinion that the Company's strong financial position and its capital resources are sufficient to provide for its operating needs and capital expenditures for fiscal 2016.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not currently have any off balance sheet arrangements within the meaning of Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

Contractual Obligations

We have remained free of interest bearing debt (excluding capital leases) for twenty-seven of the last twenty-eight years (with fiscal 2014 being the only exception) and had no other debt or other contractual obligations within the meaning of Item 303(a)(5) of Regulation S-K, as of October 30, 2015.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the respective reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Amounts estimated related to liabilities for self-insured workers' compensation, employee healthcare and pension benefits are especially subject to inherent uncertainties and these estimated liabilities may ultimately settle at amounts not originally estimated. We record promotions, returns allowances, bad debt and inventory allowances based on recent and historical trends. Management believes its current estimates are reasonable and based on the best information available at the time.

Disclosure concerning our policies on credit risk, revenue recognition, cash surrender or contract value for life insurance policies, deferred income tax and the recoverability of our long-lived assets are provided in Notes 1 and 4 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements and Regulations

Various accounting standard-setting bodies have been active in soliciting comments and issuing statements, interpretations and exposure drafts. For information on new accounting pronouncements and the impact, if any, on our financial position or results of operations, see Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not applicable for smaller reporting company.

Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The consolidated financial statements required by this Item are set forth under Item 15.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

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Sequence: 18 Form Type: 10-K Created By: RDG Filings Project: brid20151030 10k Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

Item 9A. **Controls and Procedures**

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

Our management, with the participation and under the supervision of our Chairman and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on this evaluation, the Chairman and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this Report in their design and operation to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, and recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Our management, including our Chairman and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and internal controls will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control.

The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving our stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, a control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

We maintain and evaluate a system of internal accounting controls, and a program designed to provide reasonable assurance that our assets are protected and that transactions are performed in accordance with proper authorization, and are properly recorded. This system of internal accounting controls is continually reviewed and modified in response to evolving business conditions and operations and to recommendations made by our independent registered public accounting firm. We have established a code of conduct. Our management believes that the accounting and internal control systems provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and financial information is reliable.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors meets regularly with our financial management and counsel, and with the independent registered public accounting firm engaged by us. Internal accounting controls and the quality of financial reporting are discussed during these meetings. The Audit Committee has discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm matters required to be discussed by Statement of Auditing Standards No. 16 (Communication with Audit Committees). In addition, the Audit Committee and the independent registered public accounting firm have discussed the independent registered public accounting firm's independence from our Company and its management, including the matters in the written disclosures required by Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Rule 3526 "Communicating with Audit Committees Concerning Independence".

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reports

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the last fiscal quarter covered by this Report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In order to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Act"), we have undertaken and continue a comprehensive effort, which includes the documentation and review of our internal controls. In order to comply with the Act, we centralized most accounting and many administrative functions at our corporate headquarters in an effort to control the cost of maintaining our control systems.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, signed into law by the President on July 21, 2010, permanently exempts small public companies with less than \$75 million in market capitalization, such as the Company, from the requirement to obtain an external audit on the effectiveness of internal financial reporting controls provided in Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. As a result, an attestation report on internal controls over financial reporting by an independent registered public accounting firm has not been presented. Section 404(a) is still effective for smaller public companies and requires the disclosure of management attestations on internal controls over financial reporting.

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Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting based on the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013) (the "2013 Framework") and related illustrative documents as an update to Internal Control-Integrated Framework (1992) (the "1992 Framework"). The Company has determined that the 17 principles are present and functioning during our assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting for our fiscal year ended October 30, 2015. Based on management's assessment and the above-referenced criteria, management believes that the internal control over financial reporting for our fiscal year ended October 30, 2015 was effective.

Item 9B. Other Information

Not applicable.

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PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information set forth in the sections entitled "Proposal 1 – Election of Directors" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" contained in our definitive proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on March 9, 2016 is incorporated herein by reference. Information concerning our executive officers is set forth in Part I, Item 1, hereof under the heading "Executive Officers of the Registrant".

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information set forth in the section entitled "Compensation of Executive Officers" contained in our definitive proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on March 9, 2016 is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information set forth in the section entitled "Principal Shareholders and Management" contained in our definitive proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on March 9, 2016 is incorporated herein by reference.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Not applicable, as we do not have any compensation plans under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information set forth in the sections entitled "Proposal 1 – Election of Directors" and "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" contained in our definitive proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on March 9, 2016 is incorporated herein by reference.

We are considered a "controlled company" within the meaning of Rule 5615(c)(1) of the NASDAQ Listing Rules based on our approximate 80% beneficial ownership of our outstanding common stock by Bridgford Industries Incorporated and are therefore exempted from various NASDAQ Listing Rules pertaining to certain "independence" requirements of our directors. Nevertheless, the Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. Andrews, Scott and Zippwald, who together comprise the Audit Committee, are all "independent directors" within the meaning of Rule 5605 of the NASDAQ Listing Rules.

Our general legal counsel is the son of the former senior chairman of the board of directors. As legal counsel to the board, he currently is paid a fee of one thousand nine hundred dollars for each meeting attended. Total fees paid under this arrangement for fiscal year 2015 were approximately twenty thousand dollars. Legal services are performed on our behalf and billed by a firm in which he is a partner. Total fees billed under this arrangement for fiscal year 2015 were approximately one hundred and eight thousand dollars.

Director Allan Bridgford Jr., son of the former senior chairman of the board of directors, is providing consulting services to the Chicago plant and management. The contract on behalf of the Company with Allan Bridgford Jr. is for consulting services at twelve hundred dollars per day. Total fees billed under this arrangement for fiscal year 2015 were approximately \$136,000. As a member of the board of directors, he was paid a fee of one thousand nine hundred dollars for each meeting attended during fiscal 2015. Total fees paid under this arrangement for fiscal year 2015 were \$16,600. He was reappointed as Director as of January 12, 2015.

Real estate consultant and prospective new Board member Keith Ross currently provides consulting services to the board and management. He was paid a fee of two thousand dollars for each board meeting attended during fiscal 2015 for a total of \$4,000 during fiscal year 2015.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Information set forth in the sections entitled "Principal Accountant Fees and Services" and "Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit Services And Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Accountants" contained in our definitive proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on March 9, 2016 is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a)(1) Financial Statements. The following documents are filed as a part of this report:

	Page
Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	19
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	23
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014	24
Consolidated Statements of Operations for years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014	25
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014	26
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014	26
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014	27
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	28

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

Not applicable for smaller reporting company.

- (3) Exhibits
- (a) The exhibits below are filed or incorporated herein by reference.

(-)	e extitous below are face or incorporated herein by reference.
Exhibit	
Number	Description
3.5	Restated Articles of Incorporation, dated December 29, 1989 (filed as Exhibit 3.5 to Form 10-K on January 28, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.6	Amendment to Articles of Incorporation, dated July 27, 1990 (filed as Exhibit 3.6 to Form 10-K on January 28, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.7	By-laws, as amended (filed as Exhibit 2 to Form 10-K on January 28, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.8	Certificate of Amendment to By-laws (filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Form 8-K on October 10, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.1	Bridgford Foods Corporation Defined Benefit Pension Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-K on January 28, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).*
10.2	Bridgford Foods Corporation Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-K on January 28, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).*
10.3	Bridgford Foods Corporation Deferred Compensation Savings Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-K on January 28, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).*
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
24.1	Power of Attorney (included as part of the signature page)
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Principal Executive Officer).
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Principal Financial Officer).
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.**
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.**
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.**
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.**
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.**
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.**

^{*} Each of these Exhibits constitutes a management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement.

^{**} The XBRL information is being furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these Sections or otherwise incorporated by reference.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION

/s/ WILLIAM L. BRIDGFORD Ву:

> William L. Bridgford Chairman of the Board

Date: January 15, 2016

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned directors and officers of Bridgford Foods Corporation, do hereby constitute and appoint William L. Bridgford and Raymond F. Lancy, or either of them, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, our true and lawful attorneys and agents, to do any and all acts and things in our name and behalf in our capacities as directors and officers and to execute any and all instruments for us and in our names in the capacities indicated below, which said attorneys and agents, or either of them, or their substitutes, may deem necessary or advisable to enable said corporation to comply with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including specifically, but without limitation, power and authority to sign for us or any of us in our names and in the capacities indicated below, any and all amendments; and we do hereby ratify and confirm all that the said attorneys and agents, or either of them, shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	<u>Title</u>	Date
/s/ WILLIAM L. BRIDGFORD	Chairman of the Board	January 15, 2016
William L. Bridgford	(Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ BRUCE H. BRIDGFORD	Director	January 15, 2016
Bruce H. Bridgford		
/s/ JOHN V. SIMMONS	President & Director	January 15, 2016
John V. Simmons		
/s/ RAYMOND F. LANCY	Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Treasurer & Director	January 15, 2016
Raymond F. Lancy	(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	
/s/ TODD C. ANDREWS	Director	January 15, 2016
Todd C. Andrews		
/s/ ALLAN BRIDGFORD JR.	Director	January 15, 2016
Allan Bridgford Jr.		,
/s/ D. GREGORY SCOTT	Director	January 15, 2016
D. Gregory Scott		
/s/ PAUL R, ZIPPWALD	Director	January 15, 2016
Paul R. Zippwald		
	22	

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Report Of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders Bridgford Foods Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Bridgford Foods Corporation (the "Company") as of October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Bridgford Foods Corporation as of October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 and the results of its consolidated operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ Squar Milner LLP (formerly Squar, Milner, Peterson, Miranda & Williamson, LLP)

Newport Beach, California January 15, 2016

BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,842	\$ 192
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$146 and \$144, respectively and promotional		
allowances of \$3,061 and \$5,810, respectively	14,619	10,302
Inventories, less reserves of \$381 and \$601, respectively	19,977	21,292
Prepaid expenses	319	346
Refundable income taxes	-	133
Deferred income taxes, less valuation allowance of \$0 and \$2,113, respectively	 	 <u> </u>
Total current assets	40,757	32,265
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$60,454 and \$58,450, respectively	10,235	12,251
Other non-current assets	13,666	13,660
Deferred income taxes, less valuation allowance of \$0 and \$8,486, respectively	10,644	 -
Total assets	\$ 75,302	\$ 58,176
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 6,087	\$ 5,780
Accrued payroll, advertising and other expenses	5,203	6,029
Income taxes payable	96	-
Current portion of non-current liabilities	 2,825	 2,596
Total current liabilities	14,211	14,405
Non-current liabilities	 25,446	18,521
Total liabilities	 39,657	 32,926
Contingencies and commitments (Notes 3, 5 and 6)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, without par value Authorized, - 1,000 shares; issued and outstanding – none	-	-
Common stock, \$1.00 par value Authorized, - 20,000 shares; issued and outstanding – 9,080 and 9,113	9,138	9,171
Capital in excess of par value	8,334	8,584
Retained earnings	40,303	24,861
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(22,130)	(17,366)
Total shareholders' equity	35,645	25,250
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 75,302	\$ 58,176

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the fiscal years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	5	2 Weeks
	2015	2014
Net sales	\$ 130,4	48 \$ 133,401
	00.5	70 04.744
Cost of products sold	83,5	79 94,744
Gross margin	46,8	69 38,657
Gross margin	40,0	30,037
Selling, general and administrative expenses	38,7	51 43,089
6, 6, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,		
Income (loss) before taxes	8,1	18 (4,432)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(7,3	(88)
	¢ 15.4	42 (4.244)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 15,4</u>	42 \$ (4,344)
n ' ' (1) 1	\$ 1	70 \$ (0.48)
Basic earnings (loss) per share	φ 1.	(0.48)
Shares used to compute basic earnings per common share	9,098,7	42 9,123,593
shares used to compute basic carmings per common share	7,070,7	,,125,575

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) For the fiscal years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 (in thousands)

	52 Weeks		
	2015	2014	
Net income (loss)	\$ 15,44	\$ (4,344)	
Defined benefit pension plans:			
Actuarial (loss) gain unrecognized	(7,52	25) (3,454)	
Prior service cost		- 1	
Other comprehensive (loss) income from defined benefit plans	(7,52	25) (3,453)	
Other postretirement benefit plans:			
Actuarial (loss) gain	(1)	70) (321)	
Prior service cost	(36) 97	
Other comprehensive (loss) income from other postretirement benefit plans	(20	06) (224)	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, before taxes	(7,7.	31) (3,677)	
Tax benefit (provision) on other comprehensive income/loss	2,90	67 1,054	
Valuation allowance on tax benefit from items of other comprehensive income		- (1,054)	
Change in other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(4,70	64) (3,677)	
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	\$ 10,6	78 \$ (8,021)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For the fiscal years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 (in thousands)

	Shares		Amount		Capital in excess of par value		Retained earnings	-	Accumulated other omprehensive loss	sh	Total areholders' equity
Balance, November 1, 2013	9,134	\$	9,191	\$	8,748	\$	29,205	\$	(13,689)	\$	33,455
Shares repurchased and retired	(21)		(20)		(164)						(184)
Net loss							(4,344)				(4,344)
Net change in defined benefit plans and other benefit plans									(3,677)		(3,677)
Balance, October 31, 2014	9,113	\$	9,171	\$	8,584	\$	24,861	\$	(17,366)	\$	25,250
Shares repurchased and retired	(33)		(33)		(250)						(283)
Net income							15,442				15,442
Net change in defined benefit plans and other benefit plans		_		_		_		_	(4,764)		(4,764)
Balance, October 30, 2015	9,080	\$	9,138	\$	8,334	\$	40,303	\$	(22,130)	\$	35,645

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the fiscal years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 (in thousands)

	52 Weeks			
		2015		2014
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	15,442	\$	(4,344)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		,		
Depreciation		3,050		2,827
Provision (recovery) for losses on accounts receivable		24		28
Provision for promotional allowances		2,749		(2,654)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(127)		(152)
Deferred income taxes, net		3,171		1,598
Tax valuation allowance		(10,848)		(1,598)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(7,090)		4,470
Inventories		1,315		(2,373)
Prepaid expenses		27		(12)
Refundable income taxes		133		549
Other non-current assets		(6)		(514)
Accounts payable		307		965
Accrued payroll, advertising and other expenses		(826)		(1,602)
Income taxes payable		96		-
Current portion of non-current liabilities		365		(627)
Non-current liabilities		(322)		(582)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		7,460		(4,021)
Cash used in investing activities:				
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		52		163
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(1,404)		(3,877)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,352)		(3,714)
Cash used in financing activities:			_	
Shares repurchased		(283)		(184)
Payment of capital lease obligations		(175)		(214)
Cash dividends paid		-		-
Net cash used in financing activities		(458)		(398)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,650		(8,133)
		2,020		(0,100)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		192		8,325
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	5,842	\$	192
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	156	\$	-
·	\$	(656)	S	
Transportation equipment returned originally financed by capital lease obligation	Ψ	(030)	Ψ	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands except share and per share amounts, time periods and percentages)

NOTE 1 - The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Bridgford Foods Corporation was organized in 1952. We originally began operations in 1932 as a retail meat market in San Diego, California and evolved into a meat wholesaler for hotels and restaurants, a distributor of frozen food products, a processor and packer of meat, and a manufacturer and distributor of frozen food products for sale on a retail and wholesale basis. For more than the past five years we and our subsidiaries have been primarily engaged in the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of an extensive line of frozen, refrigerated, and snack food products throughout the United States.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned. All inter-company transactions have been eliminated.

Use of estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported revenues and expenses during the respective reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Amounts estimated related to liabilities for pension benefits, self-insured workers' compensation and employee healthcare benefits are subject to inherent uncertainties and these estimated liabilities may ultimately settle at amounts which may vary from current estimates. Other areas with underlying estimates include realization of deferred tax assets, cash surrender or contract value of life insurance policies, promotional allowances and the allowance for doubtful accounts and inventory reserves. Management believes its current estimates are reasonable and based on the best information available at the time.

We test long-lived assets for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If an impairment is indicated, we measure the fair value of assets to determine if and when adjustments are recorded.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated events subsequent to October 30, 2015 through the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for transactions and other events that may require adjustment of and/or disclosure in such financial statements. Based on its review, no material events were identified that require adjustment to the financial statements or additional disclosure.

Concentrations of credit risk

Our credit risk is diversified across a broad range of customers and geographic regions. Losses due to credit risk have recently been immaterial. The carrying amount of cash equivalents, accounts and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair market value due to the short maturity of these instruments. We maintain cash balances at financial institutions, which may at times exceed the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Management does not believe there is significant credit risk associated with these financial institutions. The provision for doubtful accounts receivable is based on historical trends and current collectability risk. We have significant accounts receivable with a few large, well known customers which, although historically secure, could be subject to material risk should these customers' operations suddenly deteriorate. Sales to Wal-Mart® comprised 31.4% of revenues in fiscal 2015 and 42.6% of total accounts receivable was due from Wal-Mart® at October 30, 2015. Sales to Wal-Mart® comprised 28.8% of revenues in fiscal 2014 and 31.8% of total accounts receivable was due from Wal-Mart® at October 31, 2014.

Business segments

Our company and its subsidiaries operate in two business segments - the processing and distribution of frozen foods products, and the processing and distribution of snack food products. See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Fiscal year

We maintain our accounting records on a 52-53 week fiscal basis ending on the Friday closest to October 31. As part of the regular accounting cycle, fiscal years 2015 and 2014 each included 52 weeks.

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29

Revenues

Revenues are recognized upon passage of title to the customer, typically upon product pick-up, shipment or delivery to customers. Products are delivered to customers primarily through our own long-haul fleet or through a Company owned direct store delivery system. These delivery costs, \$3,663 and \$5,045 for 2015 and 2014, respectively, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

We record promotional and returns allowances based on recent and historical trends. Revenue is recognized as the net amount estimated to be received after deducting estimated amounts for discounts, trade allowances and product returns. Promotional allowances, including customer incentive and trade promotion activities, are recorded as a reduction to sales based on amounts estimated being due to customers, based primarily on historical utilization and redemption rates. Promotional allowances deducted from sales for fiscal years 2015 and 2014 were \$8,881 and \$10,868, respectively.

Advertising expenses

Advertising and other promotional expenses are recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses. Advertising expenses for fiscal years 2015 and 2014 were \$1,861 and \$3,093, respectively.

Cash and cash equivalents

We consider all investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include money market funds and treasury bills. Cash equivalents totaled \$5,842 at October 30, 2015 and \$192 at October 31, 2014. All material cash and cash equivalents at October 30, 2015 were held at Wells Fargo Bank N.A.

Fair value measurements

We classify levels of inputs to measure the fair value of financial assets as follows:

- Level 1 inputs: Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs: Level 2 inputs are from other than quoted market prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs: Level 3 inputs are unobservable and should be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

The hierarchy noted above requires us to minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to use observable market data, if available, when determining fair value.

The Company does not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis for the years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (which approximates actual cost on a first-in, first-out basis) or market. Costs related to warehousing, transportation and distribution to customers are considered when computing market value. Inventories include the cost of raw materials, labor and manufacturing overhead. We regularly review inventory quantities on hand and write down any excess or obsolete inventories to net realizable value. An inventory reserve is created when potentially slow-moving or obsolete inventories are identified in order to reflect the appropriate inventory value. Changes in economic conditions, production requirements, and lower than expected customer demand could result in additional obsolete or slow-moving inventory that cannot be sold or must be sold at reduced prices and could result in additional reserve provisions.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Major renewals and improvements are charged to the asset accounts while the cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to income. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over 10 to 20 years for buildings and improvements, 5 to 10 years for machinery and equipment, and 3 to 5 years for transportation equipment.

Capital Leases

Leased property and equipment that meet capital lease criteria are capitalized at the lower of the present value of the minimum payments required under the lease or the fair value of the asset at inception of the lease and are included within property, plant and equipment on the consolidated balance sheet. Obligations under capital leases are accounted for as current and noncurrent liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line method based upon the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term.

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Life insurance policies

We record the cash surrender value or contract value for life insurance policies as an adjustment of premiums paid in determining the expense or income to be recognized under the contract for the period. The cash surrender value is included in other non-current assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Income taxes

Deferred taxes are provided for items whose financial and tax bases differ. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is expected that it is more likely than not that the related asset will not be fully realized. The determination as to whether or not a deferred tax asset can be fully realized is subject to a significant degree of judgment, based at least partially upon a projection of future taxable income, which takes into consideration past and future trends in profitability, customer demand, supply costs, and multiple other factors, none of which are predictable.

We provide tax accruals for federal, state and local exposures relating to audit results, tax planning initiatives and compliance responsibilities. The development of these accruals requires judgments about tax issues, potential outcomes and timing. (See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). Although the outcome of these tax audits is uncertain, in management's opinion adequate provisions for income taxes have been made for potential liabilities emanating from these reviews. If actual outcomes differ materially from these estimates, they could have a material impact on our results of operations.

Stock-based compensation

We measure and recognize compensation expense for all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, in the financial statements based on the fair value at the date of the grant. We have not issued, awarded, granted or entered into any stock-based payment agreements since April 29, 1999.

Foreign currency transactions

Our foreign branch located in Canada enters into transactions that are denominated in a foreign currency. The related transaction gains and losses arising from changes in exchange rates are not material and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations in the period the transaction occurred. Our Canadian branch was closed at the end of fiscal year 2014.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income and additional minimum pension liability adjustments.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements and regulations

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" to supersede previous revenue recognition guidance under current U.S. GAAP. The guidance presents steps for comprehensive revenue recognition that requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance becomes effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating this statement and its impact on its results of operations or financial position.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11 "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory". The guidance is part of the "Simplification Initiative" to identify and re-evaluate areas where the generally accepted accounting principles may be complex and cumbersome to apply. The guidance will require that inventory be stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value as opposed to the lower of cost or market. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price for the inventory less completion, disposal and transportation costs. The guidance becomes effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company already values inventory by the proposed method.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes". The guidance requires that all deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with any related valuation allowance, be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. The guidance becomes effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 6, 2016 with early adoption permitted. The Company applied this guidance to its current fiscal year ending October 30, 2015. Adoption of this guidance had no material impact on the results of operations or financial position.

NOTE 2 - Composition of Certain Financial Statement Captions:

		2015		2014
Inventories:				
Meat, ingredients and supplies	\$	5,268	\$	4,716
Work in process		1,125		1,447
Finished goods		13,584		15,129
	\$	19,977	\$	21,292
Property, plant and equipment:				
Land	\$	1.802	\$	1.802
Buildings and improvements	Ψ	14,272	Ψ	14,254
Machinery and equipment		47,687		47,352
Asset impairment		-		(234)
Capital leased trucks		1,192		1,848
Transportation equipment		5,219		5,522
Construction in process		517		157
Construction in process		70.689	_	70.701
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(60,454)		(58,450)
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$	10,235	\$	12,251
	3	10,233	<u>\$</u>	12,231
Other non-current assets:	¢.	12.660	e e	12.654
Cash surrender value benefits	\$	13,660	\$	13,654
Other		6	•	6
	\$	13,666	\$	13,660
Accrued payroll, advertising and other expenses:				
Payroll, vacation, payroll taxes and employee benefits	\$	3,589	\$	4,007
Accrued advertising and broker commissions		704		1,278
Property taxes		356		327
Other		554		417
	\$	5,203	\$	6,029
	·			
Current portion of non-current liabilities (Note 3):				
Defined benefit retirement plan	\$	1,150	\$	1,127
Executive retirement plans		277		467
Incentive compensation		1,196		718
Capital lease obligation		162		241
Postretirement healthcare		40		43
	\$	2,825	\$	2,596
Non-current liabilities (Note 3):				
Defined benefit retirement plan	\$	17,362	\$	10,830
Executive retirement plans		4,630		4,227
Capital lease obligation		563		1,104
Incentive compensation		1,929		640
Teamster pension withdrawal liability		-		798
Postretirement healthcare		962		922
	\$	25,446	\$	18,521
	-	20,0		10,021

NOTE 3 - Retirement and Other Benefit Plans:

Noncontributory-Trusteed Defined Benefit Retirement Plans for Sales, Administrative, Supervisory and Certain Other Employees

We have noncontributory-trusteed defined benefit retirement plans for sales, administrative, supervisory and certain other employees. In the third quarter of fiscal 2006, we froze future benefit accruals under this plan for employees classified within the administrative, sales or supervisory job classifications or within any non-bargaining class. The benefits under these plans are primarily based on years of service and compensation levels. The funding policy of the plan is to make contributions which are at least equal to the minimum required contributions needed to avoid a funding deficiency. The measurement date for the plan is our fiscal year end.

Net pension cost consisted of the following:

	52 Weeks			
		2015		2014
Service cost	\$	113	\$	135
Interest cost		2,176		2,226
Expected return on plan assets		(3,346)		(3,131)
Amortization of unrecognized loss		1,244		830
Amortization of unrecognized prior service costs		<u>-</u>		1
Net pension cost	\$	187	\$	61

Net pension costs and benefit obligations are determined using assumptions as of the beginning of each fiscal year. Weighted average assumptions for each fiscal year are as follows:

	2015	2014
Discount rate	4.15%	4.05%
Rate of increase in salary levels	N/A	N/A
Expected return on plan assets	8.00%	8 00%

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The benefit obligation, plan assets, and funded status of these plans as of the fiscal years ended are as follows:

		52 Weeks		
	2	015	2014	
Change in plan assets:				
Fair value of plan assets - beginning of year	\$	42,320 \$	39,124	
Employer contributions		1,157	1,587	
Actual return on plan assets		(640)	2,939	
Benefits paid		(1,418)	(1,330)	
Fair value of plan assets - end of year	\$	41,419 \$	42,320	
Change in benefit obligations:				
Benefit obligations - beginning of year	\$	54,277 \$	49,154	
Service cost		113	135	
Interest cost		2,176	2,226	
Actuarial (gain) loss		4,783	4,093	
Benefits paid		(1,418)	(1,331)	
Benefit obligations - end of year		59,931	54,277	
Funded status of the plans		(18,512)	(11,957)	
Unrecognized prior service costs		0	0	
Unrecognized net actuarial loss		25,844	18,319	
Net amount recognized	\$	7,332 \$	6,362	

We perform an internal rate of return analysis when making the discount rate selection. The discount rates were based on Citigroup Pension Liability Index as of October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 respectively.

Plan assets are primarily invested in marketable equity securities, corporate and government debt securities and are administered by an investment management company. The plans' long-term return on assets is based on the weighted-average of the plans' investment allocation as of the measurement date and the published historical returns for those types of asset categories, taking into consideration inflation rate forecasts. Our expected employer contribution to the plan in fiscal year 2016 is \$1,150.

Sequence: 33 Created By: RDG Filings Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

During fiscal 2015, our actuary updated mortality tables from the IRS 2014 Combined Static Mortality assumptions to the SOA RP 2014 Total Dataset Adjusted to 2006 with Scale MP-2015. The change in mortality table resulted in a significant liability increase in fiscal 2015 as well as an increased net periodic pension cost (NPPC) projection for fiscal 2016. The expected rate of return on plan assets decreased from 8.00% to 7.00% effective for the 2016 fiscal year. The lower expected rate of return increases net pension costs in future fiscal years.

The actual and target allocation for plan assets are as follows:

		Target Asset		Target Asset
Asset Class	2015	Allocation	2014	Allocation
Large Cap Equities	31.1%	32.0%	30.9%	30.0%
Mid Cap Equities	0%	0.0%	0%	0.0%
Small Cap Equities	13.3%	12.0%	15.6%	15.0%
International (equities only)	20.3%	21.0%	18.4%	20.0%
Fixed Income	30.8%	31.0%	29.2%	31.0%
Other (Government/Corporate, Bonds)	1.9%	2.0%	2.8%	2.0%
Cash	2.6%	2.0%	3.1%	2.0%
Total	100.0	100%	100.0	100%

The fair value of our pension plan assets and the level under which fair values were determined, using the hierarchy described in Note 1, is as follows:

			Year Endo	ed 2015		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
T-4-1 -1	\$	41 419		_	\$	41,419
Total plan assets	Ψ	71,717			Ψ	71,717

Expected payments for the pension benefits are as follows:

	Pension	
Fiscal Years	Benefits	
2016	\$	1,940
2017	\$	2,064
2018	\$	2,158
2019	\$	2,295
2020	\$	2,443
2021-2025	\$ 1	14.914

Executive Retirement Plans

Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation

Effective January 1, 1991 we adopted a deferred compensation savings plan for certain key employees. Under this arrangement, selected employees contribute a portion of their annual compensation to the plan. We contribute an amount to each participant's account by computing an investment return equal to Moody's Average Seasoned Bond Rate plus 2%. Employees receive vested amounts upon death, termination or attainment of retirement age. No benefit expense was recorded under these plans for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

In fiscal year 1991, we adopted a non-qualified supplemental retirement plan for certain key employees. Benefits provided under the plan are equal to 60% of the employee's final average earnings, less amounts provided by our defined benefit pension plan and amounts available through Social Security.

Benefits payable related to these plans and included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements were \$4,907 and \$4,694 at October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, respectively. In connection with this arrangement we are the beneficiary of life insurance policies on the lives of certain key employees and retirees. The aggregate cash surrender value of these policies, included in non-current assets, was \$13,660 and \$13,654 at October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, respectively.

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation	Document Type: 10-K	Sequence: 34
Form Type: 10-K	Description: FORM 10-K	Created By: RDG Filings
Project: brid20151030 10k		Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

Expected payments for executive postretirement benefits are as follows:

	Executive Postretirement
Fiscal Years	Benefits
2016	\$ 280
2017	\$ 78
2018	\$ 126
2019	\$ 280
2020	\$ 502
2021-2025	\$ 2,510

Incentive Compensation Plan for Certain Key Executives

We provide an incentive compensation plan for certain key executives, which is based upon our pretax income. The payment of these amounts is generally deferred over three or five-year periods. The total amount payable related to this arrangement was \$3,125 and \$1,359 at October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, respectively. Future payments are approximately \$1,196, \$900, \$868, \$102 and \$59 for fiscal years 2016 through 2020, respectively.

Postretirement Healthcare Benefits for Selected Executive Employees

We provide postretirement health care benefits for selected executive employees. Net periodic postretirement healthcare cost is determined using assumptions as of the beginning of each fiscal year, except for the total actual benefit payments and the discount rate used to develop the net periodic postretirement benefit expense, which is determined at the end of the fiscal year.

Net periodic postretirement healthcare cost consisted of the following:

		52 Weeks			
	201:	5		2014	
Service cost	\$	20	\$	18	
Interest cost		36		37	
Amortization of prior service cost		-		-	
Amortization of actuarial gain		(37)		(65)	
Net periodic postretirement healthcare cost (benefit)	\$	19	\$	(10)	

Weighted average assumptions for the fiscal years ended October 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 are as follows:

	2015	2014
Discount rate	3.94%	3.83%
Medical trend rate next year	8.50%	8.50%
Ultimate trend rate	5.00%	5.00%
Year ultimate trend rate is achieved	2021	2021

The table below shows the estimated effect of a 1% increase in healthcare cost trend rate on the following:

Interest cost plus service cost	2015		2014	
Interest cost plus service cost	\$	5	\$	5
Accumulated postretirement healthcare obligation	\$	80	S	78

The table below shows the estimated effect of a 1% decrease in healthcare cost trend rate on the following:

	2015		2014
Interest cost plus service cost	\$	4) \$	(4)
Accumulated postretirement healthcare obligation	\$ (6	6) \$	(64)

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation	Document Type: 10-K	Sequence: 35
Form Type: 10-K	Description: FORM 10-K	Created By: RDG Filings
Project: brid20151030 10k		Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

The healthcare obligation and funded status of this plan as of the fiscal years ended are as follows:

	2	015	2014
Change in accumulated postretirement healthcare obligation:			
Healthcare obligation - beginning of year	\$	965 \$	880
Service cost		20	18
Interest cost		36	37
Actuarial loss (gain)		1	52
Benefits paid		(19)	(22)
Healthcare obligation – end of year	\$	1,003 \$	965
Funded status of the plans		1,003	965
Unrecognized prior service costs		-	-
Unrecognized net actuarial gain		(174)	(212)
Unrecognized amounts recorded in other comprehensive income		174	212
Postretirement healthcare liability	\$	1,003 \$	965

Expected payments for the postretirement benefits are as follows:

	etirement athcare
Fiscal Years	nefits
2016	\$ 41
2017	\$ 41
2018	\$ 41
2019	\$ 41
2020	\$ 86
2021-2025	\$ 436

401(K) Plan for Sales, Administrative, Supervisory and Certain Other Employees

During the fiscal year ended November 3, 2006, we implemented a qualified 401(K) retirement plan (the "Plan") for our sales, administrative, supervisory and certain other employees. During fiscal years 2015 and 2014, we made total employer contributions to the Plan in the amounts of \$515 and \$500, respectively.

Teamster Pension Withdrawal Liability

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, we closed the refrigerated snack food products division (a division within the Refrigerated and Snack Food Segment involving primarily deli products) and withdrew from the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Plan. According to the Multi-employer Pension Plan Act of 1980 we are subject to the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Trust Fund Withdrawal Liability. We recorded a liability in the amount of \$798 as of October 31, 2014 and expense in other selling and administrative expenses for fiscal 2014. This amount was paid in October 2015.

NOTE 4 - Income Taxes:

The (benefit) provision for taxes on income includes the following:

		52 Weeks		
	201:	2015		2014
Current:				
Federal	\$	253	\$	(91)
State		100		3
		353		(88)
Deferred:				
Federal		(6,335)		-
State		(1,342)		<u>-</u>
		(7,677)		
	\$	(7,324)	\$	(88)

Sequence: 36
Created By: RDG Filings
Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

The total tax provision differs from the expected amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before income taxes as follows:

	52 Weeks			
		2015		2014
Provision (benefit) for federal income taxes at the applicable statutory rate	\$	2,772	\$	(1,477)
Increase in provision (benefit) resulting from state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit		641		61
Research & development tax credit		(3)		(25)
Non-taxable life insurance gain		(2)		(175)
Change in valuation allowance		(10,848)		1,598
Other, net		116		(70)
	\$	(7,324)	\$	(88)

Deferred income taxes result from differences in the bases of assets and liabilities for tax and accounting purposes

	2015		2014
Receivables allowance	\$	_	\$
Returns allowance		-	1
Inventory packaging reserve		-	1
Inventory overhead capitalization		-	4
Incentive compensation		-	2
State taxes		-	
Employee benefits		-	9
Other		-	
Valuation allowance		-	(2,1
Current tax assets, net	<u>\$</u>		\$
Receivables allowance	\$	58	\$
Returns allowance		201	
Inventory packaging reserve		125	
Inventory overhead capitalization		400	
Employee benefits		793	
Other		1	
State taxes		(515)	2
Incentive compensation		925	2
Pension and health care benefits		9,202	6,3
Depreciation		(816)	(1,2
Net operating loss carry-forward and credits		271	2,8
Valuation allowance			(8,4
Non-current tax assets, net	\$	10,645	\$

ASC 740 requires that an entity's deferred tax assets be reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent its management determines that it is more likely than not that such deferred tax asset, or portion thereof, will not be realized. Management evaluated the realizability of its deferred tax assets to determine the need and appropriateness of a valuation allowance. In its determinations, Management considers items of evidence, both positive and negative, including those items outlined in ASC 740. The Company policy outlines measurable objective criteria that must be met before a release of the valuation allowance will occur. The three criteria set forth in the policy must all be satisfied before the valuation allowance can be reversed. The criteria are as follows: first, the Company's available federal tax net operating loss ("NOL") must be zero; second, the prior thirty-six month cumulative book basis pre-tax income (loss), after considering "one-time" events, is positive; third, the Company considers its outlook of near term continued profitable operations and assesses any material negative and positive trends or events on the immediate horizon. As of October 30, 2015, the Company (1) will extinguish its federal tax NOL, (2) has positive thirty-six month cumulative book income and (3) profitable operations are anticipated given recent positive economic factors including lower and more stable commodity costs combined with a reduction in the level of significant non-performing divisions (closure of the refrigerated snack division during the prior fiscal year).

Due to the degree of judgment involved, actual taxable income could differ materially from management's estimates, or the timing of taxable income could be such that the net operating losses could expire prior to their utilization. Management could determine in the future that the assets are unrealizable, materially decreasing net income in one or more periods. Following recognition, management could reinstate a full valuation allowance should operating performance decline.

As of October 30, 2015, we had federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$0 and \$2,951 respectively. These loss carryforwards will expire at various dates from 2018 through 2033.

In July 2006, the FASB issued guidance to clarify the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements. This interpretation prescribed a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The guidance also discussed derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The provisions of this guidance have been incorporated into Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-10.

In November 2015, the FASB issued guidance in ASU 2015-17 concerning the balance sheet classification of deferred taxes in an initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. All deferred tax liabilities and assets should now be classified as noncurrent in the statement of financial position to simplify presentation of deferred tax assets. The guidance is effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We have already adopted this guidance and the change is reflected of October 30, 2015.

As of October 30, 2015, we have provided a liability of \$112 for unrecognized tax benefits related to various federal and state income tax matters. A significant portion of this amount would generally reduce our effective income tax rate if recognized in future reporting periods. We have not identified any new unrecognized tax benefits.

As of October 31, 2014, we have provided a liability of \$100 for unrecognized tax benefits related to various federal and state income tax matters. A significant portion of this amount would generally reduce our effective income tax rate if recognized in future reporting periods. We have not identified any new unrecognized tax benefits.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

		52 Weeks		
	2015		2014	
Balance at beginning of year	\$	100	\$ 100	
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year		12	-	
Additions for tax positions of prior years		2	1	
Reductions for tax positions of prior years		(2)	(1)	
Settlements		-	-	
Balance at end of year	\$	112	\$ 100	

We recognize any future accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. As of October 30, 2015, we had approximately \$6 in accrued interest and penalties which is included as a component of the \$112 unrecognized tax benefit noted above.

Our federal income tax returns are open to audit under the statute of limitations for the years ended October 31, 2012 through 2014.

We are subject to income tax in California and various other state taxing jurisdictions. Our state income tax returns are open to audit under the statute of limitations for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2011 through 2014.

We do not anticipate a significant change to the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months.

NOTE 5 - Line of Credit:

We maintain a line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. that expires on March 1, 2016. During the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we converted our line of credit to a revolving line of credit. Under the terms of this line of credit, we may borrow up to \$4,000 at an interest rate equal to the bank's prime rate or Libor plus 1.5%. The borrowing agreement contains various covenants, the more significant of which require us to maintain a minimum tangible net worth, minimum net income after tax and total capital expenditures less than \$3,000. We were in compliance with all covenants as of October 30, 2015. There have been no borrowings under this line of credit during fiscal 2015.

NOTE 6 - Contingencies and Commitments:

We lease warehouse and/or office facilities throughout the United States and Canada through month-to-month rental agreements.

Leases for semi-truck trailers expired in 2015 and are classified as operating leases. Six year leases for OTR (over-the-road) tractors expire in 2018 and are classified as capital leases. After reevaluating our fleet delivery needs, we returned five OTR tractors financed by the capital lease arrangement with a remaining liability of \$445 during the second quarter of fiscal 2015 that resulted in a gain of \$75. Rental payments including prior leases were \$448 in 2015 and \$574 in 2014. Amortization of equipment under capital lease was \$225 in 2015.

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments for transportation leases:

	(Capital			Financing
Fiscal Year	I	Leases	Leases		Obligations
2016		246		16	262
2017		246		-	246
2018		452		<u> </u>	452
Total Minimum Lease Payments(a)	\$	944	\$	16	\$ 960
Less: Amount representing executory costs		(186)			
Less: Amount representing interest(b)		(33)			
Present value of future minimum lease payments(c)	\$	725			

- (a) Minimum payments exclude contingent rentals based on actual mileage and adjustments of rental payments based on the Consumer Price Index. Contingent rentals amounted to \$93 in 2015 and \$116 in 2014 including prior lease arrangements.
- (b) Amount necessary to reduce net minimum lease payments to present value calculated at our incremental borrowing rate at the inception of the leases.
- (c) Reflected in Note 2, as current and noncurrent obligations under capital leases of \$162 and \$563, respectively.

NOTE 7 - Segment Information:

We have two reportable operating segments, Frozen Food Products (the processing and distribution of frozen products) and Snack Food Products (the processing and distribution of meat and other convenience foods).

We evaluate each segment's performance based on revenues and operating income. Selling, general and administrative expenses include corporate accounting, information systems, human resource and marketing management at the corporate level. These activities are allocated to each operating segment based on revenues and/or actual usage.

The following segment information is for the fiscal years ended October 30, 2015 (52 weeks) and October 31, 2014 (52 weeks):

Segment Information							
2015	Frozen Food Snack Food Products Products Other Elimination					Totals	
Sales	\$	50,549	79,899	-	-	\$	130,448
Intersegment sales		-	-	-	-		-
Net sales		50,549	79,899				130,448
Cost of products sold		30,372	53,207	-	-		83,579
Gross margin		20,177	26,692	-	-		46,869
SG&A		14,625	24,126	-	-		38,751
Income before taxes		5,552	2,566				8,118
Total assets	\$	11,206	33,853	30,243		\$	75,302
Additions to PP&E	\$	186	1,231	(13)	-	\$	1,404

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: 10-K

Sequence: 39

Form Type: 10-K

Created By: RDG Filings

Project: brid20151030_10k

Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

Segment Information							
			Refrigerated				Refrigerated
	Frozen Food		and Snack Food	Other			Products
2014	P	roducts	Products		Elimination	Totals	Division*
Sales	\$	50,740	82,661	-	-	\$ 133,401	6,650
Intersegment sales			446		(446)		_
Net sales		50,740	83,107	-	(446)	133,401	6,650
Cost of products sold		31,790	63,400		(446)	94,744	4,704
Gross margin		18,950	19,707	-	-	38,657	1,946
SG&A		15,715	27,374			43,089	5,001
Income before taxes		3,235	(7,667)			(4,432)	(3,055)
Total assets	\$	11,332	32,427	14,417	<u>-</u>	\$ 58,176	
Additions to PP&E	\$	201	3,601	75		\$ 3,877	

^{* =} At the end of fiscal year 2014, we discontinued operation of the refrigerated snack food products division which was reported under the Refrigerated and Snack Food Products segment.

NOTE 8- Unaudited Interim Financial Information:

Not applicable to smaller reporting company

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation Document Type: EX-21.1 Sequence: 1
Form Type: 10-K Description: EXHIBIT 21.1 Created By: RDG Filings
Project: brid20151030_10k Created At: 1/14/2016 3:27:22 PM MST

Exhibit 21.1

BRIDGFORD FOODS CORPORATION

SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTRANT

Name of Subsidiary

Bridgford Marketing Company
Bridgford Meat Company
Bridgford Food Processing Corporation
Bridgford Food Processing of Texas, L.P.**
A.S.I. Corporation
Bridgford Distributing Company of Delaware (inactive)
American Ham Processors, Inc.*
Bert Packing Company (inactive)
Moriarty Meat Company

- * No shares have been issued.
- ** Limited Partnership.

State in which Incorporated

California California California Texas California Delaware Delaware Illinois Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: EX-31.1

Form Type: 10-K

Project: brid20151030_10k

Description: EXHIBIT 31.1

Description: EXHIBIT 31.1

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Exhibit 31.1

- I, William L. Bridgford, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Bridgford Foods Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared:
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: January 15, 2016

/s/ WILLIAM L. BRIDGFORD

William L. Bridgford, Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer)

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: EX-31.2

Form Type: 10-K

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Document Type: EXHIBIT 31.2

Description: EXHIBIT 31.2

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Exhibit 31.2

- I, Raymond F. Lancy, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Bridgford Foods Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: January 15, 2016

/s/ RAYMOND F. LANCY

Raymond F. Lancy Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: EX-32.1

Form Type: 10-K

Project: brid20151030_10k

Description: EXHIBIT 32.1

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Exhibit 32.1

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,

As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, William L. Bridgford, Chairman of the Board of Bridgford Foods Corporation (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 780(d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: January 15, 2016

/s/ WILLIAM L. BRIDGFORD

William L. Bridgford Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer)

This certification accompanies the Annual Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Section 13(a) and Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and shall not be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Filer: Bridgford Foods Corporation

Document Type: EX-32.2

Form Type: 10-K

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Description: EXHIBIT 32.2

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Exhibit 32.2

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,

As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Raymond F. Lancy, Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary of Bridgford Foods Corporation (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 780(d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: January 15, 2016

/s/ RAYMOND F. LANCY

Raymond F. Lancy Chief Financial Officer, Vice President Treasurer and Assistant Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

This certification accompanies the Annual Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Section 13(a) and Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and shall not be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.