

Bridgford Foods Corporation and its subsidiaries manufacture and/or distribute refrigerated, frozen and snack food products. The Company markets its products throughout the United States. The Company sells its products through wholesale outlets, restaurants and institutions. The products are sold by the Company's own sales force, brokers, cooperatives, wholesalers and independent distributors. Products are currently sold through approximately 37,000 retail food stores in forty-eight states within the continental

United States, Hawaii and Canada that are serviced by Company-owned service routes. Company products are also sold throughout the country to approximately another 23,000 retail outlets and 22,000 restaurants and institutions.

The following summary represents the approximate percentage of net sales by class of product for each of the last five fiscal years:

	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996
Products manufactured or processed by the Company	68	69	76	82	83
Products manufactured or processed by others	32	31	24	18	17
Total	100	100	100	100	100

COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDEND DATA

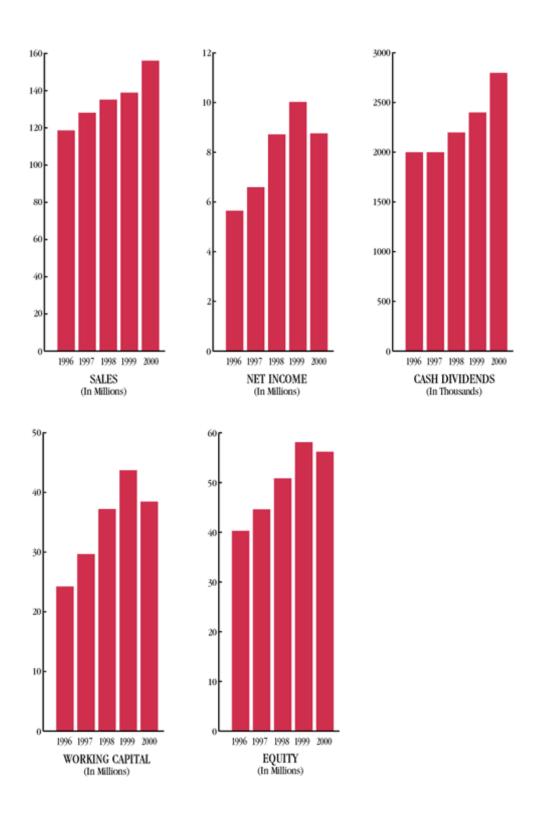
The common stock of the Company is traded in the national over-the-counter market and is authorized for quotation on The Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "BRID." The following table reflects the high and low closing prices and cash dividends paid as quoted by Nasdaq for each of the last eight fiscal quarters.

Prices								
Fiscal Quarter Ended	\$High	\$Low	Cash Dividends Paid					
Jaunary 29, 1999	12 & 1/2	12 & 1/2	\$.06					
April 30, 1999	10 & 1/4	10	\$.06					
July 30, 1999	10 & 7/8	10 & 3/4	\$.06					
October 29, 1999	9 & 15/16	9 & 7/8	\$.06					
January 28, 2000	9 & 7/8	8	\$.07					
April 28, 2000	9 & 3/4	8 & 1/2	\$.07					
July 28, 2000	12 & 15/16	9 & 1/4	\$.07					
November 3,2000	13	12	\$.07					

ANNUAL SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

The 2001 annual shareholders meeting will be held at the Four Points Sheraton, 1500 South Raymond Avenue, Fullerton, California at 10:00 a.m. on Wednesday March 14, 2001.

RECENT HISTORICAL TRENDS





TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS:

The year 2000 was a good year for Bridgford Foods. Sales reached an all-time record level while profits were the second best in Company history. Lower profits were due to higher costs for raw materials, energy, transportation, petroleum based packaging materials and employee health care. New product and new customer development also contributed to increased expenses.

SALES, EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS

Sales reached \$156,291,805 during the 53 week 2000 fiscal year. This was a new record and exceeded 1999 sales by 12.6%. 2000 marked our fifteenth consecutive year of record high sales gains. Both our frozen food and meat snack divisions recorded strong volume increases. We increased the variety and sizes of products offered to the trade. New offerings of "Deli Pack" Biscuits, "Bake & Serve" Rolls and larger packages of Beef Jerky added to our sales volume. Exciting new sandwich items like Chicken Fried Steak with Gravy and Biscuit and lunch packs including drinks, cookies and chips were recently introduced.

Bridgford's direct store distribution route customer count has continued to grow and reached a total of 37,367 accounts during fiscal 2000. Net income in 2000 was \$8,766,469, a 12.5% decline from the record income of \$10,024,505 set in 1999. Meat raw material costs were higher in 2000 and reduced our operating margins. Pork raw materials used for meat processing averaged 40% higher in cost during fiscal 2000 than in 1999. We estimate that national energy costs have also increased at a 40% annual rate since the spring of 1999.

Quarterly cash dividends paid in 2000 were 7¢ per quarter and totaled 28¢ per common share. This represents an increase of 17% over dividends paid in the prior fiscal year. The 7¢ per share quarterly cash dividend was continued during the first quarter of our 2001 fiscal year.

FINANCIAL MATTERS

The Company recognized a \$675,000 pretax gain in the first quarter of fiscal year 2000 on the sale of a parcel of land in San Diego, California as a result of eminent domain action. Management does not anticipate any transactions of a similar nature in our 2001 fiscal year.

The Company purchased 754,500 shares of its outstanding common stock on the open market during the 2000 fiscal year at an average cost of \$10.13. Subsequent to November 3, 2000, the Company has purchased an additional 17,900 shares at an average cost of \$12.62. The shares were purchased in connection with the stock repurchase plan approved by the Board of Directors in November, 1999 to purchase up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

Shareholders' equity decreased by \$1,938,538 (3.3%) during the year to \$56,196,327, due primarily to the cost of shares acquired by the stock repurchase program. On a per share basis, however, shareholders' equity actually increased 3.5% to \$5.29 per share.

Working capital declined 12.1% for the year to \$38,469,237. The stock repurchases (\$7,642,876) contributed to this change in working capital. The Company invested \$5,123,710 in additions to property, plant and equipment during the year, 4.5% more than in the prior year. Cash dividends increased 12.1% for the year to \$3,062,131. The working capital ratio (3.63 to 1) remained strong as of year-end. At November 3, 2000, the Company had \$18,179,000 invested in interest-bearing

securities. The Company remained debt-free for the 14th consecutive year.

OPERATIONS

During 2000 we purchased two parcels of land behind our Superior Foods plant in Dallas and your board approved a \$2,500,000 freezer construction project at that site. We also developed a production line at the Frozen-Rite Dallas plant for manufacture of our new "Bake & Serve" Rolls. At our Chicago meat processing plant we invested in a new high speed slicing line to add capacity and efficiency to the production of popular Bridgford Sliced Pepperoni. Your board also approved the purchase and installation of "state of the art" hardware and software for a new company-wide management information system that will cost approximately \$3,000,000.

John V. Simmons and Daniel R. Yost were elected Vice Presidents of the Company at our March 2000 board of directors meeting. Both men have been employed by the Company for more than 20 years and they concentrate their efforts on frozen food sales and marketing.

SUMMARY

We appreciate the loyalty and hard work of our officers, directors and associates during 2000 and thank our customers and suppliers for their support. Your Company expects 2001 to be an excellent year for sales and profits.

Allan L. Bridgford
Chairman

Robert E. Schulze

BRIDGFORD FOODS C	Fiscal Year Ended					
	(53 weeks) November 3 2000	(52 weeks) October 30 1999	% Change			
Net sales	\$156,291,805	\$138,786,260	12.6%			
Income before taxes	14,140,469	16,169,505	(12.5%)			
Net income	8,766,469	10,024,505	(12.5%)			
Net income per share	.80	.88	(9.1%)			
Cash dividends per share	.28	.24	16.7%			
Working capital	38,469,237	43,760,200	(12.1%)			
Total assets	82,680,999	85,469,476	(3.3%)			
Shareholders' equity	56,196,327	58,134,865	(3.3%)			
Return on average equity	15.34%	18.40%	-			

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA						
	November 3 2000*	October 29 1999	October 30 1998	November 1 1997	November 1 1996	
Net Sales	\$156,291,805	\$138,786,260	\$134,815,787	\$127,859,491	\$118,316,470	
Net Income	8,766,469	10,024,505	8,720,430	6,605,354	5,651,383	
Basic Earnings Per Share	.80	.88	.77	.58	.50	
Current Assets **	53,099,779	57,236,926	50,558,938	41,136,786	33,871,431	
Current Liabilities **	14,630,542	13,476,726	13,307,736	11,454,700	9,625,313	
Working Capital **	38,469,237	43,760,200	37,251,202	29,682,086	24,246,118	
Property, Plant and Equip., Net	18,964,335	17,764,652	16,197,108	16,853,248	17,854,524	
Deferred Taxes on Income	3,781,172	4,605,530	3,738,976	3,102,479	3,008,911	
Total Assets	82,680,999	85,469,476	75,792,941	65,663,892	58,277,948	
Shareholders' Equity	56,196,327	58,134,865	50,842,248	44,605,782	40,255,691	
Cash Dividends Per Share	.28	.24	.22	.20	.20	

^{* 53} weeks

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Certain statements under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and elsewhere in this report constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of Bridgford Foods Corporation to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following; general economic and business conditions; the impact of competitive products and pricing; success of operating initiatives; development and operating costs; advertising and promotional efforts; adverse publicity; acceptance of new product offerings; consumer trial and frequency; changes in business strategy or development plans; availability, terms and deployment of capital; availability of qualified personnel; commodity, labor, and employee benefit costs; changes in, or failure to comply with, government regulations; weather conditions; construction schedules; and other factors referenced in this report.

The Company's operating results are heavily dependent upon the prices paid for raw materials. The marketing of the company's value-added products does not lend itself to instantaneous changes in selling prices. Changes in selling prices are relatively infrequent and do not compare with the volatility of commodity markets. The impact of inflation on the Company's financial position and results of operations has not been significant during the last three years. Management is of the opinion that the Company's strong financial position and its capital resources are sufficient to provide for its operating needs and capital expenditures.

^{**} Certain financial statement reclassifications have been recorded in years prior to 1997 to conform to the current year presentation.



RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

2000 compared to 1999

Sales in fiscal year 2000 increased \$17,506,000 (12.6%) when compared to sales of the prior year, primarily as a result of increased unit sales volume.

Cost of products sold increased by \$14,751,000 (18.3%) when compared to the prior year. The gross margin was approximately 39% in 2000, 42% in 1999, and 40% in 1998. Costs for pork commodity products increased in 2000 compared to the historical lows experienced during 1999. Flour costs continued to be favorable in 2000, 1999 and 1998.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$4,303,000 (11.1%) when compared to the prior year. This increase was generally consistent with the overall increase in sales.

The Company's capital expansion projects remained at levels consistent with the prior year. The Company expects to continue the growth and modernization of facilities and equipment used in the business. The effective tax rate remained consistent with the prior year at 38%.

1999 compared to 1998

Sales in fiscal year 1999 increased \$3,970,000 (2.9%) when compared to sales of the prior year, primarily as a result of increased sales volume.

Cost of products sold decreased by \$332,000 when compared to the prior year. The gross margin was approximately 42% in 1999 and 40% in 1998. Costs for pork commodity products remained at historically low levels and flour costs continued to be favorable in 1999 and 1998.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1,844,000 (5.0%) when compared to the prior year. This increase was generally consistent with the overall increase in sales. Selling expenses slightly outpaced sales growth due to an increased sales force and higher performance bonuses due to record profitability.

The Company's capital expansion projects increased compared to recent years. The Company expects to continue the growth and modernization of facilities and equipment used in the business. The effective tax rate remained consistent with the prior year at 38%.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Favorable operating results over the past several years have continued to provide significant liquidity to the Company. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$8,348,000 in the 2000 fiscal year, \$9,635,000 in 1999 and \$14,579,000 in 1998. Accounts receivable balances increased \$1,617,000 (13%) in 1999 and \$699,000 (6%) in 1998 due to higher sales and slower collections. Inventories increased \$2,042,000 in 2000 and \$2,083,000 in 1999 due to higher unit quantities. Non-current assets increased \$1,431,000 (16%) and \$1,363,000 (18%), in 1999 and 1998 primarily due to the

increased cash surrender value of life-insurance policies and increases in deferred income tax benefits. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased \$1,901,000 in 2000 due to higher purchasing activity to support strong fourth quarter sales.

The Company's capital improvement expenditures remained consistent in 2000 compared to the prior year. Significant projects in process at November 3, 2000 included \$1.8 million for an updated management information system. Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$6,720,000 in 2000 (26.9%). The decrease was primarily a result of capital expenditures in the amount of \$5,124,000; common stock repurchases of \$7,643,000, and higher inventory balances. The company also funded its defined benefit pension plan in the amount of \$3,000,000 during fiscal year 2000. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$2,749,000 in 1999 (12.3%). The increase was lower than in recent years due to higher tax payments, increased capital expenditures and higher accounts receivable and inventory balances. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$9,894,000 in 1998 primarily as a result of lower capital expenditures, improved profitability and significant increases in non-funded employee benefits. The Company has remained free of interest-bearing debt for fourteen consecutive years. Working capital decreased \$5,291,000(12.1%) in 2000 and increased \$6,509,000 (17.5%) and \$7,569,000 (25.5%) in 1999 and 1998. The decrease in working capital in 2000 primarily resulted from the common stock repurchase program and significant pension contribution during 2000. The Company maintains a line of credit with Bank of America that expires April 30, 2002. There were no borrowings under this line of credit during fiscal 2000.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

ASSETS		
	November 3 2000	October 29 1999
Current assets:		
 Cash and cash equivalents 	\$18,300,803	\$25,020,839
 Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful 		
accounts of \$694,491 and \$647,219	13,642,063	13,689,463
 Inventories 	18,191,480	16,149,918
 Prepaid expenses 	527,902	268,892
 Deferred income tax benefits 	2,437,531	2,107,814
Total current assets	53,099,779	57,236,926
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated		
depreciation of \$31,598,952 and \$30,533,865	18,964,335	17,764,652
Other non-current assets	6,835,713	
Deferred income tax benefits	3,781,172	4,605,530
	\$82,680,999	\$85,469,476

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
	November 3 2000	October 30 1998
Current liabilities:		
 Accounts payable 	\$7,723,023	\$5,849,237
 Accrued payroll and other expenses 	6,787,268	6,759,979
 Income taxes payable 	120,251	867,510
Total current liabilities	14,630,542	13,476,726
Non-current liabilities	11,854,130	13,857,885
Contingencies and commitments (Note 6) Shareholders' equity:		
 Preferred stock, without par value 		
Authorized - 1,000,000 shares		
Issued and outstanding - none		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value		

Authorized - 20,000,000 shares		
Issued and outstand - 11,369,812	10,672,195	11,426,695
 Capital in excess of par value 	19,458,747	26,347,123
 Retained earnings 	26,065,385	20,361,047
	56,196,327	58,134,865
	\$82,680,999	\$85,469,476

Consolidated Statements of Income

	Fiscal year ended			
	(53 weeks) November 3 2000	(52 weeks) October 29 1999	(52 weeks) October 30 1998	
Net sales	\$156,291,805	\$138,786,260	\$134,815,787	
Cost of products sold, excluding depreciation Selling, general and administrative expenses	95,295,374 43,083,496	80,544,109 38,780,300	80,876,022	
Depreciation	3,772,466	3,292,346	2,938,475	
	142,151,336	122,616,755	120,750,357	
Income before taxes Provision for taxes on income	14,140,469 5,374,000	16,169,505 6,145,000	14,065,430 5,345,000	
Net income	\$8,766,469	\$10,024,505	\$8,720,430	
Net income per share	\$0.80	\$0.88	\$0.77	
Shares used to compute basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	10,907,701 \$0.80	11,369,812 \$0.88	11,369,812	
Shares used to compute diluted earnings per share	10,926,630	11,374,714		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Commo	n stock	Capital in	Retained	Total shareholder's
	Shares	Amount	excess of par	earnings	equity
Balance, October 31, 1997	10,336,415	\$10,393,298	\$13,946,359	\$20,266,125	\$44,605,782
Net income (52 weeks)Cash dividends paid (\$.22				8,720,430	8,720,430
per share) - 10% stock dividends,				(2,483,964)	(2,483,964)
November 16, 1998	1,033,397	1,033,397	12,400,764	(13,434,161)	
Balance, October 30, 1998	11,369,812	11,426,695	26,347,123	13,068,430	50,842,248
Net income (52 weeks)Cash dividends paid (\$.24				10,024,505	10,024,505

per share)				(2,731,888)	(2,731,888)
Balance, October 29, 1999 - Net income (53 weeks) - Cash dividends paid (\$.28	11,369,812	11,426,695	26,347,123	20,361,047 8,766,469	58,134,865 8,766,469
per share) - Shares repurchased and				(3,062,131)	(3,062,131)
retired	(754,500)	(754,500)	(6,888,376)		(7,642,876)
Balance, November 3, 2000	10,615,312	10,672,195	19,458,747	26,065,385	56,196,327

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	F	iscal year ende	d
	(53 weeks) November 3 2000	(53 weeks) October 29 1999	(52 weeks) October 30 1998
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	\$8,766,469	\$10,024,505	\$8,720,430
Income charges not affecting cash: Depreciation Provision for losses on accounts	3,772,466	3,292,346	2,938,475
receivable Gain on sale of assets	324,650 (609,376)	221,650 (705,288)	254,150 (81,941)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(077.050)	(4.000.005)	(050 705)
Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses	(277,250) (2,041,562) (259,010)	(1,838,295) (2,083,020) (35,044)	(952,705) 1,489,852 (96,101)
Deferred income tax benefits Other non-current assets	494,641 (973,345)	(1,061,135) (564,449)	(859,636) (726,540)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Income taxes payable	1,901,075 (747,259)	891,605 (722,615)	446,768 1,406,268
Non-current liabilities	(2,003,755)	2,214,928	2,039,547
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,347,744	9,635,188	14,578,567
Cash used in investing activities:	700 007	747.004	04.044
Proceeds from sale of assets Additions to property, plant and equipment	760,937 (5,123,710)	747,334 (4,901,936)	84,941 (2,285,335)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,362,773)	(4,154,602)	(2,200,394)
Cash used in financing activities: Shares repurchased Cash dividends paid	(7,642,876) (3,062,131)	(2,731,888)	(2,483,964)
Cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash	(10,705,007)	(2,731,888)	(2,483,964)
equivalents	(6,720,036)	2,748,698	9,894,209

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	25,020,839	22,272,141	12,377,932
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$18,300,803	\$25,020,839	\$22,272,141
Cash paid for income taxes	\$5,878,000	\$7,837,000	\$4,891,000

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - THE COMPANY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Concentrations of credit risk

The Company's credit risk is diversified across a broad range of customers and geographic regions. Losses due to credit risk have been immaterial. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair market value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Business segment

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in one business segment - the processing and/or distributing of refrigerated, frozen and snack food products.

Fiscal year

The Company maintains its accounting records on a 52-53 week fiscal basis. Fiscal year 2000 included 53 weeks. Fiscal years 1999 and 1998 include 52 weeks each.

Revenues

Revenues are recognized upon passage of title to the customer typically upon product shipment or delivery to customers.

Cash equivalents

The Company considers all investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include treasury bills of \$18,179,000 at November 3, 2000 and \$24,980,000 at October 29, 1999.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (determined on a first-in, first-out basis) or market.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Major renewals and betterments are charged to the asset accounts while the cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to income as incurred. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to income. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over 10 to 20 years for buildings and improvements, 5 to 10 years for machinery and equipment and 3 to 5 years for transportation equipment.

Income taxes

Deferred taxes are provided for items whose financial and tax bases differ. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is expected that it is more likely than not, that the related asset will not be fully realized.

Stock-based compensation

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS No. 123), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," encourages, but does not require, companies to record compensation cost for stock-based employee compensation plans based on the fair market value of options granted. The Company has chosen to account for stock based compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. Accordingly, compensation for stock options is measured as the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the Company's stock price at the date of grant as determined by the Board of Directors over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock.

Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding for all periods presented. Diluted earnings per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding plus shares issuable on conversion or exercise of all potentially dilutive securities.

NOTE 2 - COMPOSITION OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL STATEMENT CAPTIONS:

	2000 (in thousands)	1999 (in thousands)
Property, plant and equipment:		
Land	\$1,614	\$1,087
Buildings and improvements	12,649	12,511
Machinery and equipment	28,546	27,761
Transportation equipment	7,754	6,940
	50,563	48,299
Accumulated depreciation	(31,599)	(30,534)
	\$18,964	\$17,765
Inventories:		
Meat, ingredients and supplies	\$3,909	\$3,288
Work in progress	2,193	1,837
Finished goods	12,089	11,025
	\$18,191	\$16,150
Accrued payroll and other expenses	:	
Payroll, vacation and payroll taxes	\$6,005	\$6,051
Property taxes	287	263
Other	495	446
	\$6,787	\$6,760

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 3 - RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS:

The Company has noncontributory-trusteed defined benefit retirement plans for sales, administrative, supervisory and certain other employees. The benefits under these plans are primarily based on years of service and compensation levels. The Company's funding policy is to contribute annually the maximum amount deductible for federal income tax purposes.

Net pension cost consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2000	1999	1998
Cost of benefits earned during the year	\$746	\$646	\$568
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	1,025	958	907
Actual return on plan assets	(1,059)	(990)	(748)
Deferral of unrecognized gain (loss) on plan assets	40	138	(34)
Amortization of unrecognized gain	(95)	(68)	(83)
Amortization of transition asset (15.2 years)	(76)	(76)	(76)
Amortization of unrecognized prior service costs	36	36	34
Net pension cost	\$617	\$644	\$568

The 1987 transition asset is being amortized using the straight-line method over the average remaining service period of active plan participants at the date of adoption of the plan. At November 3, 2000, 3.93 years of amortization remained. The discount rate and expected long-term rate of return used in determining the projected benefit obligation for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998 was 7.75%. The assumed rate of future compensation increases for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998 was 4%.

Plan assets are primarily invested in marketable equity securities, corporate and government debt securities and real estate and are administered by an investment management company.

The funded status of the plan is as follows:

Plan assets at fair market value Actuarial present value of benefit obligations: &mbspAccumulated benefits based on current salary levels, including vested benefits of \$13,184, \$12,162 and \$9,974 &mbspAdditional benefits based on estimated future	2000	1999 	1998 \$10,622 10,502 817
salary levels &mbspProjected benefit obligation	15,015	13,916	11,319
· ,			

Projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets	308	(2,461)	(697)
Unrecognized prior service costs	197	233	247
Unrecognized gain on plan assets	(2,829)	(2,404)	(3,463)
	(294)	(369)	(445)
Unrecognized net transition asset			
Accrued pension cost	\$(2,618)	\$(5,001)	\$(4,358)

In fiscal year 1991, the Company adopted a non-qualified supplemental retirement plan for certain key employees. Benefits provided under the plan are equal to 60% of the employee's final average earnings, less amounts provided by the Company's defined benefit pension plan and amounts available through Social Security. Total annual benefits are limited to \$120,000 for each participant in the plan. Effective January 1, 1991 the Company adopted a deferred compensation savings plan for certain key employees. Under this arrangement, selected employees contribute a portion of their annual compensation to the plan. The Company contributes an amount to each participant's account by computing an investment return equal to Moody's Average Seasoned Bond Rate plus 2%. Employees receive vested amounts upon death, termination or retirement. Total benefit expense recorded under these plans for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998 was \$351,000, \$320,000 and \$303,000, respectively. Benefits payable related to these plans and included in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying financial statements were \$4,860,000 and \$4,384,000 at November 3, 2000 and October 29, 1999, respectively. In connection with this arrangement the Company is the beneficiary of life insurance policies on the lives of certain key employees. The aggregate cash surrender value of these policies, included in non-current assets, was \$6.836,000 and \$5,862,000 at November 3, 2000 and October 29, 1999, respectively.

The Company provides a deferred compensation plan for certain key executives, which is based upon the Company's pretax income and return on shareholders' equity. The payment of these amounts is generally deferred over a five-year period. The total amount payable related to this arrangement was \$5,813,000 and \$5,823,000 at November 3, 2000 and October 29, 1999, respectively. Future payments are approximately \$1,776,000, \$1,569,000, \$1,285,000, \$852,000 and \$331,000 for fiscal years 2001 through 2005, respectively.

Postretirement health care benefits in the approximate amount of \$340,000 and \$350,000 are included in non-current liabilities at November 3, 2000 and October 29, 1999, respectively.

The Company's 1999 Stock Incentive Plan ("the Plan") was approved by the Board of Directors on January 11, 1999 and 275,000 options were granted on April 29, 1999. Under the Plan, the maximum aggregate number of shares which may be optioned and sold is 900,000 shares of common stock, subject to adjustment upon changes in capitalization or merger. Generally, options granted under the plan vest in annual installments over four years following the date of grant (as determined by the Board of Directors) subject to the optionee's continuous service. Options expire ten years from the date of grant with the exception of an incentive stock option granted to an optionee who owns stock representing more than 10% of the voting power of all classes of stock of the Company, in which case the term of the option is five years. Options generally terminate three months after termination of employment or one year after termination due to permanent disability or death. Options are generally granted at a fair market value determined by the Board of Directors subject to the following:

- a.) With respect to options granted to an employee or service provider who, at the time of grant owns stock representing more than 10% of the voting power of all classes of stock of the Company; the per share exercise price shall be no less than 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant.
- b.) With respect to options granted to an employee or service provider other than described in the preceding paragraph, the exercise price shall be no less than 100% for incentive stock options and 85% for non-statutory stock options of the fair market value on the date of grant.

As of October 29, 1999, 275,000 options were outstanding at an exercise price of \$10.00 per share. No shares were exercisable at October 31, 1999. During fiscal year 2000, 25,000 options with a weighted average exercise price of \$10.00 were cancelled. As of November 3, 2000, 250,000 options were outstanding at an exercise price of \$10.00 per share.

The following balances are reflected as of November 3, 2000:

C	ptions Ou	ıtstanding		Optio	ons Exercis	sable
E	Exercise price	Shares 250,000	Weighted average remaining life (years)	Weighted average exercise price	Shares 	Weighted average exercise price (years)

The Company adopted the disclosure requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 ("FAS 123"). As permitted by FAS 123, the Company measures compensation cost in accordance with APB 25. Therefore, the adoption of FAS 123 had no impact on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Had compensation cost for the Company's Stock Option Plan been determined based on the fair value of the options consistent with FAS 123, the Company's net income and earnings per share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts indicated below:

	November 3, 2000		October 29, 1999	
Net Income	As reported	\$8,766,469	As reported	\$10,024,505
	Pro forma	\$8,505,838	Pro forma	\$9,845,208
Basic Earning Per Share	As reported	\$.80	As reported	\$.88
	Pro forma	\$.78	Pro forma	\$.87

The fair value of compensatory stock options was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions:

	October 29, 1999
Risk-free interest rate Expected years until e Expected stock volatil Expected dividends	exercise 6.0 years

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES:

The provision for taxes on income includes the following (in thousands):

	2000	1999	1998
Current:			
Federal	\$4,060	\$6,034	\$5,241
State	819 	1,172 	964
	4,879	7,206	6,205
Deferred:			
Federal	444	(867)	(735)
State	51 	(194)	(125)
	495	(1,061)	(860)
	\$5,374	\$6,145	\$5,345

The total tax provision differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before income taxes as follows: (in thousands)

	2000	1999	1998
Provision for federal income taxes at the applicable statutory rate Increase in provision resulting from: State income taxes, net of federal income tax	\$4,808	\$5,498	\$4,782
benefit	521	596	518
Other, net	45	51	45
	\$5,374	\$6,145	\$5,345

Deferred income taxes result from differences in the bases of assets and liabilities for tax and accounting purposes. (in thousands)

	2000	1999
Receivables allowance Inventory capitalization	\$284 387	\$263 367

Deferred compensation Franchise tax Employee benefits Other Current tax assets, net Deferred compensation Pension and health care benefits	590 148 903 126 2,438 1,649 3,192	478 183 853 (36) 2,108 1,673 3,951
·	•	
Depreciation Non-current tax assets, net	(1,060) 3,781	(1,018) 4,606

No valuation allowance was provided against deferred tax assets in the accompanying statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 5 - LINE OF CREDIT:

Under the terms of a revolving line of credit with Bank of America, the Company may borrow up to \$2,000,000 through April 30, 2002. At any time prior to May 2002, the Company may convert borrowings, if any, into a three-year term loan with principal and interest payable monthly commencing May 31, 2002. The interest rate is at the bank's reference rate unless the Company elects an optional interest rate. The borrowing agreement contains various covenants, the more significant of which require the Company to maintain certain levels of shareholders' equity and working capital. The Company was in compliance with all provisions of the agreement during the year. There were no borrowings under this line of credit during the year.

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the respective reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company leases certain transportation equipment under an operating lease expiring in 2006. The terms of the lease provide for annual renewal options and contingent rental payments based upon mileage and adjustments of rental payments based on the Consumer Price Index. Minimum rental payments were \$320,000 in fiscal years 2000 and 1999 and \$316,000 in 1998, respectively. Contingent payments were \$110,000, \$102,000, and \$105,000 in fiscal years 2000, 1999, and 1998, respectively. Future minimum lease payments are approximately \$340,000 in the years 2000 through 2004 and \$270,000 in 2005 and \$20,000 in 2006.

Report of Independent Accountants

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Bridgford Foods Corporation

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bridgford Foods Corporation and its subsidiaries at November 3, 2000 and October 29, 1999, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended November 3, 2000, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

Orange County. California
December 22, 2000